M2200

PO2 1023 Application

 Marel hf.

 Austurhraun 9
 IS-210 Gardabaer
 ICELAND

 Tel: +354 563 8000
 Fax: +354 563 8001
 info@marel.is

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P02 1023 Application

In General

This is a technical description of the M2200-P02 1023 application.

The application's Lua source code is available from Marel hf free of charge but subject to conditions. For more information please contact service@marel.is.

The "Programming" chapter of the *M2200 P02 & M02 Packing Scale User's Guide* contains more information on Lua scripts and M2200 programming.

About P02 1023

P02 1023 is an M2200 application for a stand-alone packing scale.

The application includes a pack-filling control which operates up to three infeed conveyors running at different speeds or transporting products at different volumes. This type of control has previously been used with M2000 scales.

Using P02 1023

Starting Up

To start using the P02 1023 application for the first time you must set the application parameters (see the table on page 5 for a description of all parameters).

6-Marine Calibration 1-Scale 2-Application 3-Remote Host 4-System Setup 5-Scale Ops 7-not used 8-not used not used D-Identity -Audit Trail

Figure 1 The Top Level Menu page.

Accept all weights	0
Fill start delay (s)	1
Start нах zero deviation (µ)	0
Енегаелси tine (s)	0
Request time (s)	٥
Auto option	0
Top-up option	0
Separate signals	0
SP-9	0
	-

Figure 2 Parameter list A.

To set application parameters

- 1 Press and hold the PAGE key for ca. three seconds to display the Top Level Menu page.
- 2 Select 4–System Setup \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow System parameters A.
- **3** Select a line in the parameter list, press the CHECK **W** key to enter a value for the parameter, and then confirm by pressing **v** again.
- 4 Press 🗈 to return to the parameter list.

Note: You must scroll down with the arrow keys to see all parameters in the list.

5 When you have finished setting all parameters, press 🕒 once and select the Parameters option on the Settings menu to create a new product.

To create a new product

• For details on how to create products, see instructions in "Creating Products" on page 12 in the M2200 P02 & M02 Packing Scale, User's Guide.

The table below lists all available weighing parameters.

Parameter:	Description:
Accept all weights	If this option is selected, the application will record packs without regard to packing limits (this has nothing to do with the control).
Fill start delay (s)	The length of time the control waits after taring the platform and before starting the infeed conveyors.
Start max zero deviation (w)	Sets the weight limit at which the control attempts to tare the scale and proceed to filling. If this value is e.g. 0.5 , the weight limit is from -0.5 to $+0.5$.
	The weight limits for the coarse, fine and dribble conveyors are configured through the program parameters (by the MPS system). To view/modify these limits, access the System page and select Settings->Limit detection events .
	When weight rises above 1.600kg When weight rises above 1.800kg When weight rises above 1.900kg When weight falls below 0.000kg When weight falls below 0.000kg When weight falls below 0.000kg
	In this example the coarse limit has been set to 1.6 kg, the fine limit to 1.8 and the dribble limit to 1.9 kg.
Emergency time (s)	The time allowed before an emergency is signalled. No emergencies are signalled if this value is 0.
Request time (s)	The duration of the request signal given when the infeed conveyors are started. This should not be confused with the duration of a signal to the infeed conveyors since those stay on while the weights have not reached the set limits.
Auto option	If this option is selected, the start/stop signal is not required to start every batch.
Top-up option	If this option is selected, the system will restart infeed conveyors as necessary if the stable weight of the batch is less than any of the infeed limits.
Separate signals	If this option is selected, the signals for each infeed conveyor are activated separately. If the option is not selected, the signals are combined (coarse infeed runs all three conveyors and fine infeed the fine and dribble conveyors).

The Scale page

The Scale page in P02 1023 shows the MPS terminal window (1), the packing bar (2), and the weight display (3).

You can use the arrow keys to select the previous or the next product.



Figure 3 The P02 1023 application, Scale page.

The Application Page

From the Scale page press to display the Application display, which gives access to two pages, the Data page and the Debug page.

Use the DEBUG and DATA keys to switch between pages.



Data page

On the Data page you can see the product identification (1), the total number of packs (2), nominal and target weights, and the total weight for the product (3).

• Use the arrow key to select another product to view its details.

- Press the CLEAR key (4) to clear data for the displayed product.
- Press the REPORT key (5) to generate a weight report to the scale's serial port 1.
- Press the DEBUG key (6) to switch to the Debug page.



Figure 5 The Application display, the Debug page.

The Debug page shows the currently active application's name and version number (1), the current weight on the platform (2), and the current state (3) and emergency number (4).

- The first character in the connection status string is "+" if there is an active connection on the message port, otherwise the flag is set to "-".
- The second character shows the same for the terminal port.
- The third character is "+" if the CAN unit is online, otherwise the flag is set to "-".

Press the DATA key (5) to switch to the Data page.

Troubleshooting

Start the troubleshooting by checking the following:

- If the problem is with the **host connection**, check the first and second connection status indicators (on the Application page) to see if the scale is connected to the host computer.
- If the problem is with the **hardware**, check by looking at the third connection status indicator whether the CAN unit is online.
- Verify that all control lines are working as intended.
- Check the **state** and **emergency** to try to figure out where in the weighing cycle the problem occurs and what the problem is.

Debug page

Connection status indicators

Basic problems

5

The following is a list of common problems, possible causes and suggestions for solutions.

Common problems

Refer to page 5 for information on setting the various application parameters.

Problem	Possible cause and solution
Infeed conveyors do not start	 State = A: Run signal is off. Verify that input 1 is high. State = B: The control is stopped. Toggle the start/stop signal. State = C: The max zero deviation is set to a value that is too low. The fill limits are zero.
Pack overfills	 The fill limit is incorrectly set. The scale is incorrectly calibrated or the load cell is damaged. Verify the calibration and the load cell by placing a known weight on the platform.
Infeed conveyor start too soon	• The fill start timer is too short.
The batches are lighter than the target batch weight	• This may be normal since the stable weight is not known when the infeed is stopped. Consider selecting the top-up option in the program parameters.
Emergencies are not indicated	• The emergency time is set to zero.
Emergencies are indicated too often	• The emergency time is set to a value that is too low.
State = C and emergency = 1	• If the weight is outside the max zero deviation consider increasing the allowed deviation.
State = H and emergency = 2	• The platform is unstable.

The Weighing Cycle and State Labels

The scale's position in the P02 1023 weighing cycle is easily determined by looking at the state labels on the Application page.

The states are: A – Init

– Init	The run signal is of	f
	U	

B – Start Waiting for a start signal

Fine fill

- C Zero Waiting for a weight near or at zero
- D StartTimer Waiting for start timer to expire
- E Coarse Coarse fill
- F Fine
- G Dribble Dribble fill
- H Unstable Waiting for weight to stabilize
- I Ready Waiting for weight to be removed

The current state of the control is displayed on the Debug page. See below for more information.

Figure 6 shows a diagram of the P02 1023 weighing cycle:



Figure 6 Weighing cycle with state labels.

The following is a description of each state and how transitions between states occur:

State 1	Conditions $\rightarrow \rightarrow$	State 2
	The run signal is off	A – Init
A – Init	The run signal is on	B – Start
B – Start	The tare/stop signal goes on	C – Zero
Neither A – Init nor B – Start	The start/stop signal goes on	B – Start
C – Zero	The scale is stable and the weight is inside the zero limit (as defined by the maximum zero deviation)	D – StartTimer and the scale is tared
D – StartTimer	The time elapsed since entering the state is greater than the fill start delay	E – Coarse
E – Coarse	The weight exceeds the coarse limit	F – Fine
F – Fine	The weight exceeds the fine limit	G – Dribble

G – Dribble	The weight exceeds the dribble limit	H – Unstable
H – Unstable	The scale is stable	I – Ready, if the top- up option is not selected or if the weight exceeds all the fill limits (coarse, fine and dribble). If the top-up option is selected and the stable weight is less than any of the fill
		limits, the corresponding fill state is selected (Coarse, Fine or Dribble)
I – Ready	The weight is less than 1/10 th of the coarse limit	C – Zero or B – Start, depending on whether the Auto option is selected.

Outputs are set as follows:

•	All signals are off when the state is A-Init, B-Start, C-Zero,
	D–StartTimer, H–Unstable.

- The coarse infeed signal is on in state **E-Coarse**.
- The fine infeed signal is on in state **F–Fine**, and in state **E–Coarse** if the separate signals option is not selected.
- The dribble infeed signal is on in state **G-Dribble**, and in states **E-Coarse** and **F-Fine** if the separate signals option is not selected.
- The ready signal is on in state **I-Ready**.
- The infeed request signal goes on when the state is changed to **E-Coarse** and stays on for the time specified by the request time.

The following emergencies are defined:

• **Zero emergency** (1) occurs in state **C–Zero**, if the weight fails to stabilize within the zero limit or if the scale cannot be tared within the emergency period.

• **Unstable emergency** (2) occurs in state **H–Unstable**, if the scale does not stabilize within the emergency period.

Outputs

Emergencies

Controls

The P02 1023 application requires a CAN module with at least 8 inputs and 8 outputs, for example an MC88 module.

Inputs

Input	Description
1	Run signal This signal is always active. All controls are immediately disabled when the run signal is off.
2	Start/stop When the run signal turns on this signal must be toggled to activate the control. After that the control can be toggled on/off at any time with the start/stop signal. In non-automatic systems the start/stop signal must also be toggled to start each pack.

Table 1: Digital inputs

Outputs

Output	Description
1	Coarse infeed The three infeed signals control up to three infeed mechanisms. They can be separate or combined. For example when doing coarse infeed, it is possible to select whether only the coarse infeed is active or whether all infeeds are active.
2	Fine infeed
3	Dribble infeed
4	Pack ready This signal indicates that a pack has been completed.
5	Infeed request This signal can be used to request a batch from another system such as a hopper. The signal is turned on when coarse infeed starts and its duration is configurable.
8	Emergency Indicates that there is a problem with the control. It might for example indicate that the platform cannot be tared.

Table 2: Digital outputs

Host Interface

Specific Interface

Weight message from device

Depending on the weight message options a message can be sent to serial port 1 and the persistent output queue every time a pack is recorded.

The format of the message is :

W<TAB><Product name><TAB><Product ID><TAB><nominal weight>

<TAB><real weight><unit>

Example: W Size B fillets 9 2.000kg 2.235kg

State message from device

Depending on the state message option a message is sent to serial port1 and the persistent output queue every time the weighing cycle state changes.

The format of the message is :

S<TAB><State label>

Example:

S 4 Fill

Emergency message from device

Depending on the emergency message option a message is sent to serial port1 and the persistent output queue every time the emergency state changes.

The format of the message is :

E<TAB><Emergency label>

Example:

E 2 Unstable