# IQ plus® 510

Digital Weight Indicator Version 2.0

# **Installation Manual**







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# **About This Manual**

This manual is intended for use by service technicians responsible for installing and servicing IQ plus<sup>®</sup> 510 digital weight indicators.

This manual applies to indicators using Version 2.0 of the IQ plus 510 software. See Section 7.10 on page 52 for a summary of software changes included in this release.

Configuration and calibration of the indicator can be accomplished using the indicator front panel keys, the EDP command set, or the Version 2.4 or later Revolution™ configuration utility. See Section 3.1 on page 12 for information about configuration methods.



Some procedures described in this manual require work inside the indicator enclosure. These procedures are to be performed by qualified service personnel only.



Authorized distributors and their employees can view or download this manual from the Rice Lake Weighing Systems distributor site at www.rlws.com.

The *Operator Card* included with this manual provides basic operating instructions for users of the IQ plus 510. Please leave the *Operator Card* with the indicator when installation and configuration are complete.

# 1.0 Introduction

The IQ plus 510 is a single-channel digital weight indicator housed in a NEMA 4X/IP66-rated stainless steel enclosure. The indicator front panel consists of a five-button keypad with a large, seven-digit, 14-segment, vacuum fluorescent display, two-character dot-matrix annunciator field, and a sixteen-character dot-matrix prompt field. Features include:

- Drives up to eight 350Ω or sixteen 700Ω load cells
- Supports 4- and 6-wire load cell connections
- Eight configurable digital inputs
- Electronic data processing (EDP) port for full duplex RS-232 or RS-485 communications at up to 19200 bps
- Printer port for full duplex RS-232 and output-only 20 mA current loop communications at up to 19200 bps
- Optional analog output module provides 0–10 VDC or 4–20 mA tracking of gross or net weight values
- Optional Remote I/O Interface for communication with PLC<sup>™</sup> and SLC<sup>™</sup> controllers using the Allen-Bradley<sup>®</sup> Remote I/O networks<sup>1</sup>
- Optional interface for Profibus® DP network communications<sup>2</sup>
- Available in 115 VAC and 230 VAC versions

The IQ plus 510 is NTEP-certified for Classes III and III L at 10,000 divisions. See Section 7.11 on page 53 for detailed specifications.

# 1.1 Operating Modes

The IQ plus 510 has three modes of operation:

#### Normal mode

Normal mode is the weighing mode of the indicator. The indicator shows gross and net weights as required, using the secondary display to indicate scale status and the type of weight value displayed. Once configuration is complete and a legal seal is affixed to the back of the indicator, this is the only mode in which the IQ plus 510 can operate.

### Setup mode

Most of the procedures described in this manual require the indicator to be in setup mode, including configuration and calibration.

To enter setup mode, remove the large fillister head screw from the enclosure backplate. Insert a screwdriver or a similar tool into the access hole and press the setup switch once. The indicator display changes to show the word *CONFIG*.

### Test mode

Test mode provides a number of diagnostic functions for the IQ plus 510 indicator. Like setup mode, test mode is entered using the setup switch. See Section 7.9 on page 50 for more information about entering and using test mode.

# 1.2 Front Panel Keypad

The IQ plus 510 display is divided into three areas:

• The primary display consists of seven large, 14-segment digits used to display weight data.

<sup>1.</sup> Allen-Bradley  $^{\otimes}$ , PLC  $^{\otimes}$ , and SLC  $^{\top}$  are trademarks of Allen-Bradley Company, Inc., a Rockwell International company.

<sup>2.</sup> Profibus<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Profibus International.

- A two-digit units annunciator shows the units associated with the displayed value: lb=pounds, kg=kilograms, oz=ounces, T=short tons, t=metric tons, LT=long tons, g=grams, GN=grains. When the units configured are troy pounds or troy ounces, the word **troy** is shown in the secondary display area in addition to the **lb** or **oz** annunciator. The units can also be set to NONE (no units information displayed).
- The 16-digit secondary display is used to display the weighing mode (Gross/Brutto or Net) and status indicators, including standstill (▲▲) and center of zero (◆○◆).

The IQ plus 510 keypad and normal mode key functions are shown in Figure 1-2.

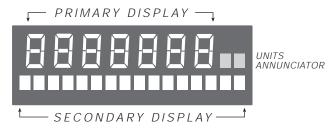
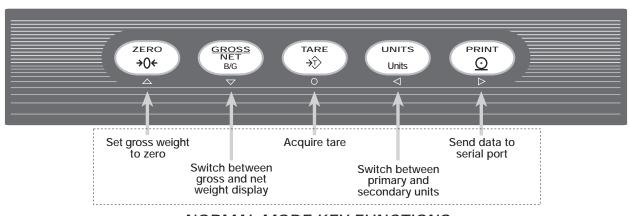


Figure 1-1. IQ plus 510 Front Panel Display Areas



NORMAL MODE KEY FUNCTIONS

Figure 1-2. Front Panel Key Functions in Normal Mode

# 1.3 Indicator Operations

Basic IQ plus 510 operations are summarized below:

### 1.3.1 Toggle Gross/Net Mode

Press the GROSS/NET key to switch the display mode from gross to net, or from net to gross. If a tare value has been entered or acquired, the net value is the gross weight minus the tare. If no tare has been entered or acquired, the display remains in gross mode.

Gross mode is indicated by the word **Gross** (or **Brutto**) on the secondary display; net mode is indicated by the word **Net**.

### 1.3.2 Toggle Units

Press the UNITS key to switch between primary and secondary units. The units identifier is shown to the right of the primary display. Troy ounces and troy pounds are indicated by the word **troy** on the secondary display.

### 1.3.3 Zero Scale

In gross mode, remove all weight from the scale and wait for the standstill annunciator ( ).

2. Press the ZERO key. The center of zero (→○◆) annunciator lights to indicate the scale is zeroed.

#### 1.3.4 Acquire Tare

- 1. Place container on scale and wait for the standstill annunciator ( ).
- 2. Press the TARE key to acquire the tare weight of the container.
- 3. Display shifts to net weight and shows the word **Net** on the secondary display.

### 1.3.5 Remove Stored Tare Value

- 1. Remove all weight from the scale and wait for the standstill annunciator ( ▲ ∡ ).
- 2. Press the TARE key (or, in OIML mode, the ZERO key). Display shifts to gross weight and shows the word **Gross** on the secondary display.

### 1.3.6 Print Ticket

- 1. Wait for the standstill annunciator ( \( \) \( \) ).
- 2. Press the PRINT key to send data to the serial port.

# 2.0 Installation

This section describes procedures for connecting load cells, digital inputs, and serial communications cables to the IQ plus 510 indicator. Instructions for field installation of the analog output option and replacement of the CPU board are included, along with assembly drawings and parts lists for the service technician.

# **!** Caution

- Use a wrist strap to ground yourself and protect components from electrostatic discharge (ESD) when working inside the indicator enclosure.
- This unit uses double pole/neutral fusing which could create an electric shock hazard. Procedures requiring work inside the indicator must be performed by qualified service personnel only.
- The supply cord serves as the power disconnect for the IQ plus 510. The power outlet supplying the indicator must be installed near the unit and be easily accessible

# 2.1 Unpacking and Assembly

Immediately after unpacking, visually inspect the IQ plus 510 to ensure all components are included and undamaged. The shipping carton should contain the indicator with attached tilt stand, this manual, and a parts kit. If any parts were damaged in shipment, notify Rice Lake Weighing Systems and the shipper immediately.

The parts kit contains the items listed below:

- Capacity and identification labels.
- Two 8-32NC x 7/16 fillister head screws (PN 30623). These screws occupy the holes above and on either side of the setup screw on the indicator backplate (see Figure 2-2 on page 6).
- Ten 8-32NC x 3/8 machine screws (PN 14862) for the indicator backplate (see #29 in Figure 2-6 on page 11).
- Twelve bonded sealing washers (PN 45042) for backplate screws included in the parts kit.
- Four cord grip reducing glands (PN 15664).
- Four rubber bumpers ("feet") for the tilt stand, PN 42149.
- Three 7-position screw terminals (PN 42104) for connectors J1, J4, and J12; one 10-position screw terminal (PN 46420) for connector J7.

# 2.2 Enclosure Disassembly

The indicator enclosure must be opened to connect cables for load cells, communications, digital inputs, and analog output.



The IQ plus 510 has no on/off switch. Before opening the unit, ensure the power cord is disconnected from the power outlet.

Ensure power to the indicator is disconnected, then place the indicator face-down on an antistatic work mat. Remove the screws that hold the backplate to the enclosure body, then lift the backplate away from the enclosure and set it aside.

**NOTE:** With the backplate removed, check the battery to ensure it has not been jarred loose from the battery holder (B1) in shipping.

### 2.3 Cable Connections

The IQ plus 510 provides five cord grips for cabling into the indicator: one for the power cord, four to accommodate load cell, communications, digital inputs, and analog output cables. Three of the four free cord grips come with a plug installed to prevent moisture from entering the enclosure. Depending on your application, remove the plug from any cord grip that will be used and install cables as required.

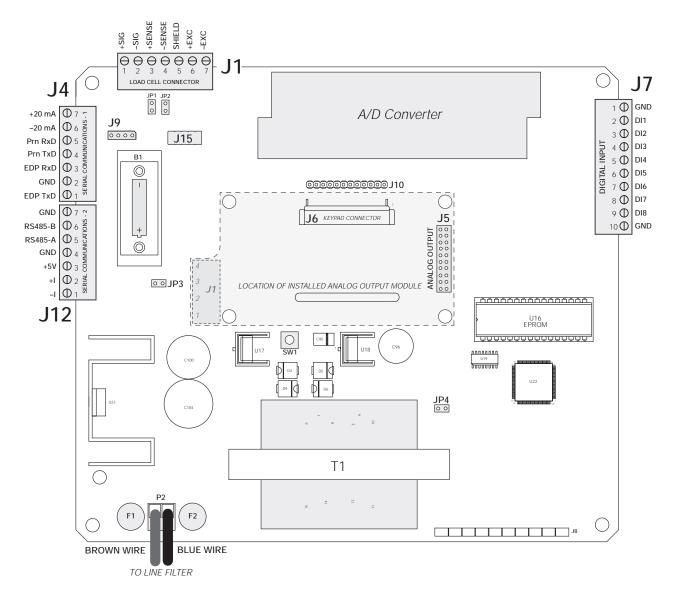


Figure 2-1. IQ plus 510 CPU and Power Supply Board, Version 2

### 2.3.1 Load Cells

To attach cable from a load cell or junction box, remove connector J1 from the board. The connector plugs into a header on the board (see Figure 2-1).

Wire the load cell cable from the load cell or junction box to connector J1 as shown in Table 2-1. If using 6-wire load cell cable (with sense wires), remove jumpers JP1 and JP2 before reinstalling connector J1 (see Figure 2-1). For 4-wire installation, leave jumpers JP1 and JP2 on.

When connections are complete, reinstall connector J1 on the board. Use cable ties to secure the load cell cable to the inside of the enclosure.

J1 Pin	Function	
1	+SIG	
2	-SIG	
3	+SENSE	
4	-SENSE	
5	SHIELD	
6	+EXC	
7	-EXC	
For 6-wire load cell connections, remove jumpers JP1 and JP2.		

Table 2-1. J1 Pin Assignments

#### 2.3.2 Serial Communications

To attach serial communications cables, remove connector J4 or J12 from the board. Connector J4 provides connections for the EDP (Electronic Data Processing) port, printer port, and 20 mA current loop transmit signals; connector J12 provides RS-485 signals. Table 2-2 shows the pin assignments for connectors J12 and J4.

Once cables are attached, reconnect J12 or J4 to the header on the board. Use cable ties to secure serial cables to the inside of the enclosure.

The EDP port supports RS-232 or RS-485 communications; the printer port provides active 20 mA output and full-duplex RS-232 communications. Both ports are configured using the SERIAL menu. See Section 3.0 on page 12 for configuration information.

Connector	Pin	Signal
J4	1	EDP TxD
	2	GND
	3	EDP RxD
	4	Printer TxD
	5	Printer RxD
	6	–20 mA TxD
	7	+20 mA TxD
J12	1	Reserved
	2	Reserved
	3	+5V
	4	GND
	5	RS485-A
	6	RS485-B
	7	GND

Table 2-2. J4 and J12 Pin Assignments

### 2.3.3 Digital Inputs

Digital inputs can be set to provide many indicator functions, including all keypad functions. Digital inputs are active (on) with low voltage (0 VDC), inactive (off) at 5 VDC. Use the DIG IN menu to configure the digital inputs.

Table 2-3 shows the pin assignments for connector J7.

J7 Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	DI1
3	DI2
4	DI3
5	DI4
6	DI5
7	DI6
8	DI7
9	DI8
10	GND

Table 2-3. J7 Pin Assignments (Digital Inputs)

### 2.3.4 Analog Output

If the optional analog output module is installed, attach the output cable to connector J1 on the analog output board. Table 2-4 lists the analog output pin assignments.

Use the ALGOUT menu to configure and calibrate the analog output module when cabling is complete. See Section 2.4 for information about installing the analog output module.

Pin	Signal
1	+ Current Out
2	<ul> <li>Current Out</li> </ul>
3	+ Voltage Out
4	<ul> <li>Voltage Out</li> </ul>

Table 2-4. Analog Output Module Pin Assignments

# 2.4 Analog Output Module Installation

To install or replace the analog output module, follow the steps listed in Section 2.2 on page 3 for opening the IQ plus 510 enclosure.

Mount the analog output module on its standoffs in the location shown in Figure 2-1 on page 4 and plug the module input into connector J5 on the IQ plus 510 board. Connect output cable to the analog output module as shown in Table 2-4, then reassemble the enclosure (Section 2.5).

See Section 7.8 on page 49 for analog output calibration procedures.

# 2.5 Enclosure Reassembly

Once cabling is complete, position the backplate over the enclosure and reinstall the backplate screws. Use the torque pattern shown in Figure 2-2 to prevent distorting the backplate gasket. Torque screws to 10 in-lb (1.13 N-m).

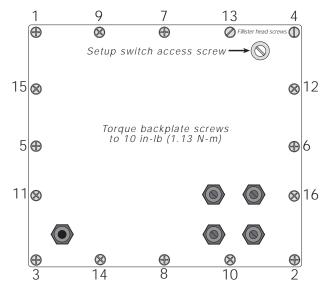


Figure 2-2. IQ plus 510 Enclosure Backplate

### 2.6 Board Removal

If you must remove the IQ plus 510 CPU board, use the following procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to the indicator. Loosen cord grips and remove backplate as described in Section 2.2 on page 3.
- 2. Unplug connectors J1 (load cell cable), J4 and J12 (serial communications), J7 (digital inputs), J6 (keypad ribbon cable), and JP4 (setup switch). If an analog output board is installed, disconnect the analog output cable. See Figure 2-1 on page 4 for connector locations.
- 3. Remove the standoff and three nuts from the corners of the CPU board.
- 4. Cut the cable tie that holds the line filter load wires to the enclosure.
- 5. Lift the board off of its spacers just far enough to access the setscrews that secure the line filter load wires at connector P2. Use a small screwdriver to loosen the setscrews and disconnect power to the board.
- 6. Remove the CPU board from the enclosure.

To replace the CPU board, reverse the above procedure. Be sure to reinstall cable ties to secure all cables inside the indicator enclosure.

### 2.7 Battery Replacement

The lithium battery on the CPU board maintains the real-time clock and protects data stored in the system RAM when the indicator is not connected to AC power.

System RAM data includes all keyboard locks. This information is lost if the battery loses power and the indicator is disconnected from AC power. To prevent loss of data, do the following:

- Periodically check the battery voltage and replace when the voltage drops below 3.1 VDC. The battery should last a minimum of one year. Therefore, in critical applications, replace the battery every twelve months.
- Use the Revolution<sup>™</sup> configuration utility or EDP commands (see Section 5.2 on page 37) to store a copy of the indicator configuration on a PC before attempting battery replacement. If any data is lost, the indicator configuration can be restored from the PC.

# 2.8 Replacement Parts

Table 2-5 lists replacement parts for the IQ plus 510, including all parts referenced in Figures 2-3 through 2-6.

Ref Number	PN	Description (Quantity)	Figure	
1	41397	Enclosure, sloped front (1)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
	41401	Enclosure, flat front (1)		
2	41398	Enclosure backplate (1)	Figure 2-3 on page 8	
3	14626	Kep nuts, 8-32NC hex (13)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
4	30375	Nylon seal rings for cable grips (4)	Figure 2-3 on page 8	
5	14621	Kep nuts, 6-32NC hex (4-flat enclosure; 6-sloped)	Figure 2-5 on page 10	
6	15626	Cable grips, PG9 (4)	Figure 2-3 on page 8	
7	15627	Locknuts, PCN9 (4)		
8	15650*	Cable tie mounts (8)	Figure 2-4 on page 9	
10	19538	Cable grip plugs (3)	Figure 2-3 on page 8	
11	44676	Sealing washer for setup switch access screw (1)		
12	42640	Setup switch access screw, 1/4 x 28NF x 1/4 (1)		
13	41965	Power cord assembly, 115VAC (1)		
	45254	Power cord assembly, 230VAC (1)		
15	16892	Ground/Earth Label (1)	Figure 2-4 on page 9	
16	45402	Bezel, sloped front (1)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
	41399	Bezel, flat front (1)		
17	41385	Switch panel membrane (1)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
18	41400	Backplate gasket (1)	Figure 2-3 on page 8	
19	45043	Ground wire, 4 in w/ No. 8 eye connector (1)	Figure 2-4 on page 9	
21	46027	Setup switch mounting bracket (1)	Figure 2-5 on page 10	
24	44844	Setup switch assembly (1)		
25	30342	Wing knobs for tilt stand (2)	Figure 2-7 on page 11	
26	29635	Tilt stand (1)		
27	15144	Nylon washers for tilt stand, 1/4 x 1 x 1/16 (2)		
28	45891	Line filter assembly (1)	Figure 2-4 on page 9	
29	14862*	Screws, 8-32NC x 3/8 (4)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
30	16903	Model/serial number label (1)	_	
31	46252	Bezel gasket, sloped front (1)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
	45076	Bezel gasket, flat front (1)		
36	45401	CPU board mounting tab, sloped front models (1)	Figure 2-5 on page 10	
37	15134	Lock washers, No. 8 (4)  Figure 2-4 on page 9		
38	48027	Nylon spacers for board mounting (4)	Figure 2-5 on page 10	
39	45042*	Sealing washers (4)	Figure 2-6 on page 11	
40	15369	Standoffs, fem 6-32NC x 3/4 (3)	Figure 2-4 on page 9	
41	64948	Display and CPU board assembly, 115 VAC (1)	Figure 2-5 on page 10	
	64949	Display and CPU board assembly, 230 VAC (1)		
_	40698	VFD display (1)		
42	19644	3V cylindrical lithium battery		

Table 2-5. Replacement Parts

Ref Number	PN	Description (Quantity)	Figure
_	42104	7-position connectors for J1, J4, and J12 (3) Figure 2-1 on page 4	
_	46420	10-position connector for J7 (1)	
_	45484	160 mA TR5 subminiature fuses (2), 115 VAC F1 and F2 in Figure 2-1 on page 4	
	45107	80 mA TR5 subminiature fuses (2), 230 VAC	

<sup>\*</sup> Additional parts included in parts kit.

For protection against risk of fire, replace fuses only with same type and rating fuse. See Section 7.11 on page 53 for complete fuse specifications.

Table 2-5. Replacement Parts (Continued)

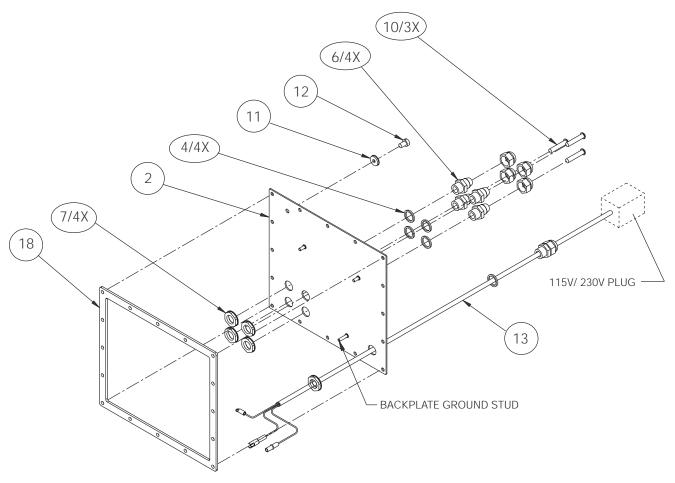


Figure 2-3. Backplate Assembly

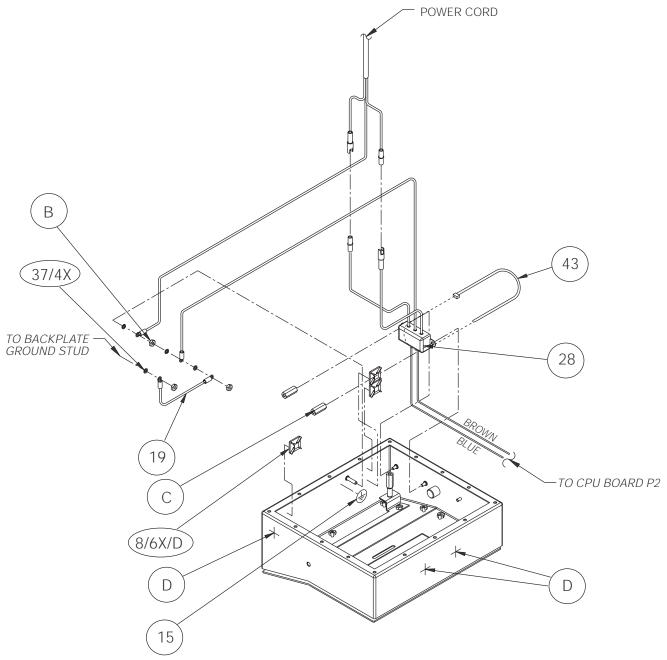


Figure 2-4. Enclosure and Line Filter Assembly

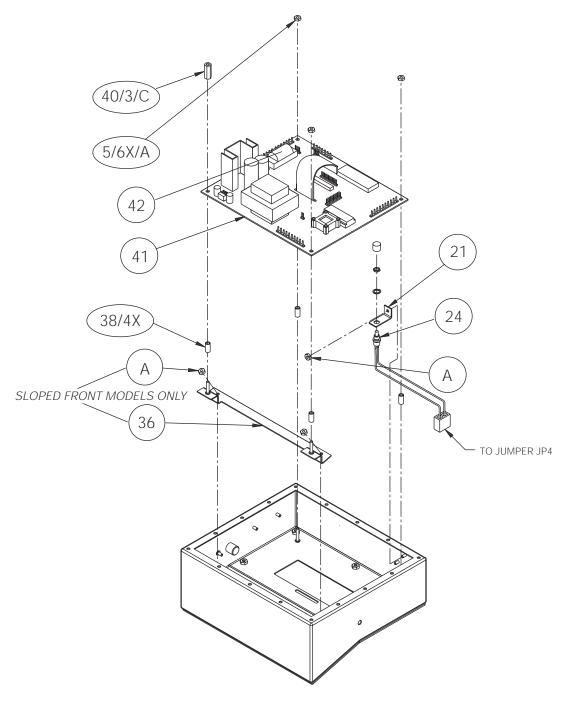


Figure 2-5. Enclosure and CPU Board Assembly

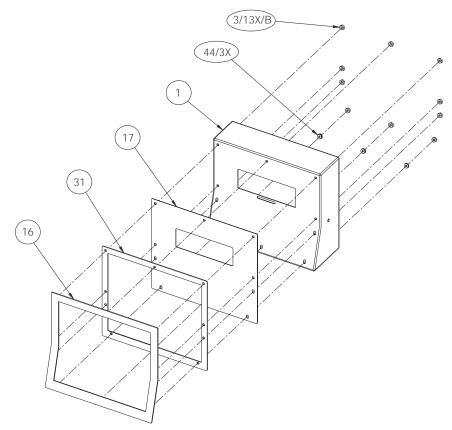


Figure 2-6. Bezel Assembly

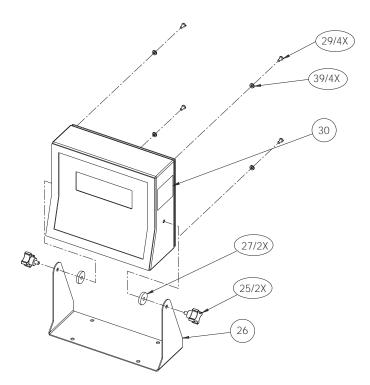


Figure 2-7. Tilt Stand Assembly

# 3.0 Configuration

To configure the IQ plus 510 indicator, the indicator must be placed in setup mode. The setup switch is accessed by removing the large fillister head screw on the enclosure backplate. Switch position is changed by inserting a screwdriver into the access hole and pressing the switch.

When the indicator is placed in setup mode, the word CONFIG is shown on the display. The CONFIG menu is the first of nine main menus used to configure the indicator. Detailed descriptions of these menus are given in Section 3.2. When configuration is complete, return to the CONFIG menu and press the  $\triangle$  (ZERO) key to exit setup mode, then replace the setup switch access screw.

# 3.1 Configuration Methods

The IQ plus 510 indicator can be configured by using the front panel keys to navigate through a series of configuration menus or by sending commands or configuration data to the EDP port. Configuration using the menus is described in Section 3.1.3.

Configuration using the EDP port can be accomplished using either the EDP command set described in Section 5.0 or the Revolution  $^{\text{TM}}$  configuration utility.

### 3.1.1 Revolution<sup>™</sup> Configuration

The Revolution configuration utility provides the preferred method for configuring the IQ plus 510 indicator. Revolution runs on a personal computer to set configuration parameters for the indicator. When Revolution configuration is complete, configuration data is downloaded to the indicator.

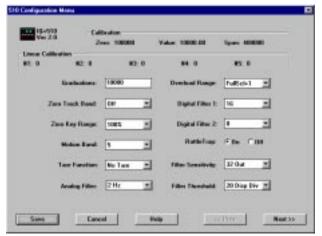


Figure 3-1. Sample Revolution Configuration Display

Revolution supports both uploading and downloading of indicator configuration data. This capability allows configuration data to be retrieved from one indicator, edited, then downloaded to another.

To use Revolution, do the following:

- 1. Install Revolution on an IBM-compatible personal computer running Windows<sup>®</sup> 3.11 or Windows 95/98. Minimum system requirements are 8MB of extended memory and at least 5MB of available hard disk space.
- 2. With both indicator and PC powered off, connect the PC serial port to the RS-232 pins on the indicator EDP port.
- 3. Power up the PC and the indicator. Use the setup switch to place the indicator in setup mode.
- 4. Start the Revolution program.

Figure 3-1 shows an example of one of the Revolution configuration displays.

Revolution provides online help for each of its configuration displays. Parameter descriptions provided in this manual for front panel configuration can also be used when configuring the indicator using Revolution: the interface is different, but the parameters set are the same.

### 3.1.2 EDP Command Configuration

The EDP command set can be used to configure the IQ plus 510 indicator using either a personal computer, terminal, or remote keyboard. Like Revolution, EDP command configuration sends commands to the indicator EDP port; unlike Revolution, EDP commands can be sent using any external device capable of sending ASCII characters over a serial connection.

EDP commands duplicate the functions available using the indicator front panel and provide some functions not otherwise available. EDP commands can be used to simulate pressing front panel keys, to configure the indicator, or to dump lists of parameter settings. See Section 5.0 on page 32 for more information about using the EDP command set.

### 3.1.3 Front Panel Configuration

The IQ plus 510 indicator can be configured using a series of menus accessed through the indicator front panel when the indicator is in setup mode. Table 3-1 summarizes the functions of each of the main menus.

	Menu	Menu Function
CONFIG	Configuration	Configure grads, zero tracking, zero range, motion band, overload, tare function, power-up mode, analog and digital filtering parameters.
FORMAT	Format	Set format of primary and secondary units, decimal format, and display rate.
CALIBR	Calibration	Calibrate indicator. See Section 4.0 on page 28 for calibration procedures.
SERIAL	Serial	Configure EDP and printer serial ports.
PROGRM	Program	Set date and time formats, keyboard locks, regulatory mode, and consecutive number values.
PFORMT	Print Format	Set print format used for header, gross, net, and EDP format tickets. See Section 6.0 for more information.
DIG IN	Digital Input	Assign digital input functions.
ALGOUT	Analog Output	Configure analog output module. Used only if analog output option is installed.
VERSION	Version	Display installed software version number.

Table 3-1. IQ plus 510 Menu Summary

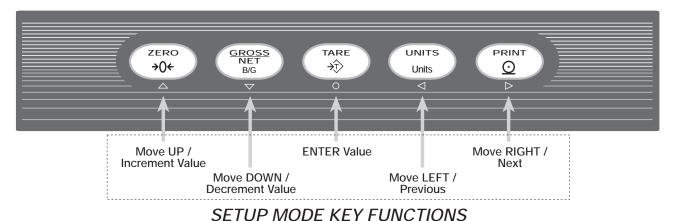


Figure 3-2. Front Panel Key Functions in Setup Mode

Four front panel keys are used as directional keys to navigate through the menus in setup mode (see Figure 3-2). The UNITS ( $\triangleleft$ ) and PRINT ( $\triangleright$ ) keys scroll left and right (horizontally) on the same menu level; ZERO ( $\triangle$ ) and GROSS/NET ( $\triangledown$ ) move up and down (vertically) to different menu levels. The **TARE** key ( $\bigcirc$ ) serves as an Enter key for selecting parameter values within the menus. A label under each of these keys identifies the direction provided by the key when navigating through the setup menus.

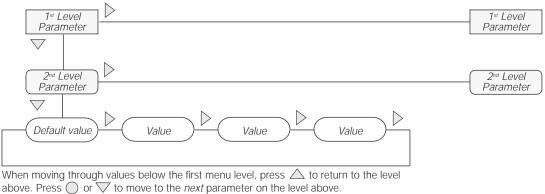


Figure 3-3. Setup Mode Menu Navigation

To select a parameter, press  $\triangleleft$  or  $\triangleright$  to scroll left or right until the desired menu group appears on the display, then press  $\triangleright$  to move down to the submenu or parameter you want. When moving through the menu parameters, the default or previously selected value appears first on the display.

To change a parameter value, scroll left or right to view the values for that parameter. When the desired value appears on the display, press ○ to select the value and move back up one level. To edit numerical values, use the navigation keys to select the digit and to increment or decrement the value (see Figure 3-4).



When editing numeric values, press  $\triangleleft$  or  $\triangleright$  to change the digit selected. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  to increment or decrement the value of the selected digit.

Press O to save the value entered and return to the level above.

Figure 3-4. Editing Procedure for Numeric Values

# 3.2 Menu Structures and Parameter Descriptions

The following sections provide graphic representations of the IQ plus 510 menu structures. In the actual menu structure, the values you choose under each parameter are arranged horizontally. To save page space, menu choices are shown in vertical columns. Default values are shown in bold type at the top of each column.

Most menu diagrams are accompanied by one or more tables that describe all parameters and parameter values associated with that menu option. Default parameter values are shown in bold type.

### 3.2.1 Configuration Menu

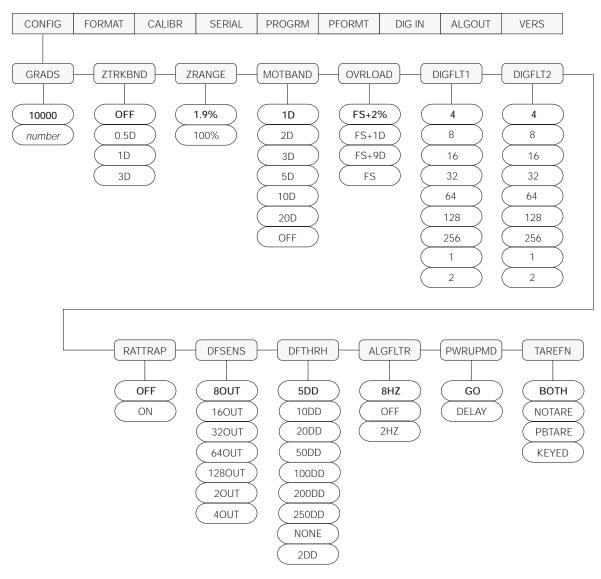


Figure 3-5. Configuration Menu

CONFIG Menu				
Parameter	Choices	Description		
Level 2 submen	nus			
GRADS	10000 number	Specifies the number of full scale graduations. The value entered must be in the range 1–100000 and should be consistent with legal requirements and environmental limits on system resolution.		
		To calculate GRADS, use the formula, GRADS = Capacity / Display Divisions.		
		Display divisions for primary and secondary units are specified on the FORMAT menu.		

Table 3-2. Configuration Menu Parameters

CONFIG Menu		
Parameter	Choices	Description
ZTRKBND	OFF 0.5D 1D 3D	Automatically zeroes the scale when within the range specified, as long as the input is within the ZRANGE and scale is at standstill. Selections are ± display divisions. Maximum legal value varies depending on local regulations.
ZRANGE	<b>1.9%</b> 100%	Selects the range within which the scale can be zeroed. The 1.9% selection is $\pm$ 1.9% around the calibrated zero point, for a total range of 3.8%. Indicator must be at standstill to zero the scale. Use 1.9% for legal-for-trade applications.
MOTBAND	1D 2D 3D 5D	Sets the level, in display divisions, at which scale motion is detected. If motion is not detected for 1 second or more, the standstill symbol lights. Some operations, including print, tare, and zero, require the scale to be at standstill. Maximum legal value for this parameter varies depending on local regulations.
	10D 20D OFF	If this parameter is set to OFF, the standstill annunciator will not light; operations normally requiring standstill (zero, tare, print) are performed regardless of scale motion. If OFF is selected, ZTRKBND must also be set to OFF.
OVRLOAD	<b>FS+2%</b> FS+1D FS+9D FS	Determines the point at which the display blanks and an out-of-range error message is displayed. Maximum legal value varies depending on local regulations.
DIGFLT1 DIGFLT2	4 8 16 32 64 128 256 1	Selects the digital filtering rate used to reduce the effects of mechanical vibration from the immediate area of the scale.  Choices indicate the number of A/D conversions per update that are averaged to obtain the displayed reading. A higher number gives a more accurate display by minimizing the effect of a few noisy readings, but slows down the settling rate of the indicator.
RATTRAP	OFF ON	Enables RATTLETRAP® digital filtering. RATTLETRAP is most effective at filtering repeating vibrations caused by mechanical noise from nearby machines but may increase settling times over standard digital filter selections.
DFSENS	80UT 160UT 320UT 640UT 1280UT 20UT 40UT	Digital filter cutout sensitivity. Specifies the number of consecutive readings that must fall outside the filter threshold (DFTHRH parameter) before digital filtering is suspended.
DFTHRH	5DD 10DD 20DD 50DD 100DD 200DD 250DD NONE 2DD	Digital filter cutout threshold. Specifies the filter threshold, in display divisions. When a specified number of consecutive scale readings (DFSENS parameter) fall outside of this threshold, digital filtering is suspended. If NONE is selected, the filter is always enabled.
ALGFLTR	8HZ OFF 2HZ	Analog filter. Selects the range used for filtering mechanical and electrical noise. 8 Hz value has a medium filtering effect; 2 Hz has the greatest effect. Normally, the minimum filter value that allows a stable display should be selected. If digital filtering is also used, select either 2 Hz or 8 Hz for this parameter.

Table 3-2. Configuration Menu Parameters (Continued)

CONFIG Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description	
PWRUPMD	GO DELAY	Power up mode. In GO mode, the indicator goes into operation immediately after a brie power up display test.	
		In DELAY mode, the indicator performs a power up display test, then enters a 30-second warm up period. If no motion is detected during the warm up period, the indicator becomes operational when the warm up period ends; if motion is detected, the delay timer is reset and the warm up period repeated.	
TAREFN	BOTH NOTARE PBTARE KEYED	Enables or disables push-button and keyed tares. Possible values are:  BOTH: Both push-button and keyed tares are enabled  NOTARE: No tare allowed (gross mode only)  PBTARE: Push-button tares enabled  KEYED: Keyed tare enabled	

Table 3-2. Configuration Menu Parameters (Continued)

### 3.2.2 Format Menu

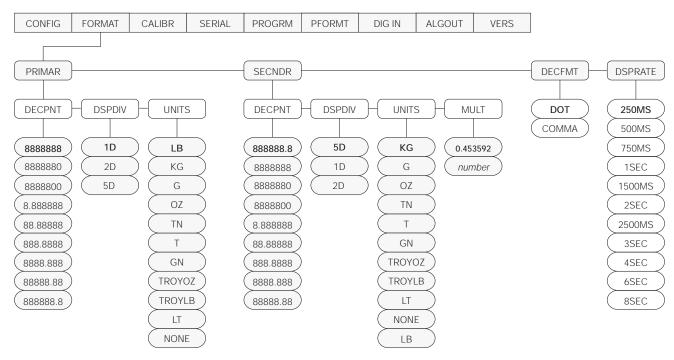


Figure 3-6. Format Menu

FORMAT Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description	
Level 2 submenus			
PRIMAR	DECPNT DSPDIV UNITS	Specifies the decimal position, display divisions, and units used for the primary units. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.	

Table 3-3. Format Menu Parameters

FORMAT Menu	FORMAT Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description		
SECNDR	DECPNT DSPDIV UNITS MULT	Specifies the decimal position, display divisions, units, and conversion multiplier used for the secondary units. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.		
DECFMT	DOT COMMA	Specifies whether decimal numbers are displayed using a period (DOT) or comma as the decimal symbol.		
DSPRATE	250MS 500MS 750MS 1SEC 1500MS 2SEC 2500MS 3SEC 4SEC 6SEC 8SEC	Display rate. Sets the update rate for displayed values. Values are in milliseconds (MS) or seconds (SEC).		
Level 3 submen	us			
Primary Units (F	PRIMAR Parame	eter)		
DECPNT	888888 888880 888880 8.88888 88.8888 888.888 8888.88 88888.88	Decimal point location. Specifies the location of the decimal point or dummy zeroes in the primary unit display. Value should be consistent with local legal requirements.		
DSPDIV	1D 2D 5D	Display divisions. Selects the minimum division size for the primary units displayed weight.		
UNITS	LB KG G OZ TN T GN TROYOZ TROYLB LT NONE	Specifies primary units for displayed and printed weight. Values are: LB=pound; KG=kilogram; G=gram; OZ=ounce; TN=short ton; T=metric ton; GN=grain; TROYOZ=troy ounce; TROYLB=troy pound; LT=long ton.  NOTE: 230 VAC indicators are configured with KG for both primary and secondary units.		

Table 3-3. Format Menu Parameters (Continued)

FORMAT Menu	FORMAT Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description		
Secondary Units	(SECNDR Para	meter)		
DECPNT	88888.8 8888888 8888880 8888880 8.888888 88.88888 888.8888 888.888	Decimal point location. Determines the location of the decimal point or dummy zeros in the display.		
DSPDIV	<b>5D</b> 1D 2D	Display divisions. Selects the value of minimum division size of the displayed weight.		
UNITS	KG G OZ TN T GN TROYOZ TROYLB LT NONE LB	Specifies primary units for displayed and printed weight. Values are: LB=pour KG=kilogram; G=gram; OZ=ounce; TN=short ton; T=metric ton; GN=grain; TROYOZ=trounce; TROYLB=troy pound; LT=long ton.		
MULT	0.453592 Enter other choices via keyboard	Multiplier. Specifies the conversion factor by which the primary units are multiplied to obtain the secondary units. The default is 0.453592, which is the conversion factor for changing pounds to kilograms. See Section 7.7 on page 48 for a list of multipliers.  To toggle between primary and secondary units, press the UNITS key.		

Table 3-3. Format Menu Parameters (Continued)

### 3.2.3 Calibration Menu

See Section 4.0 on page 28 for calibration procedures.

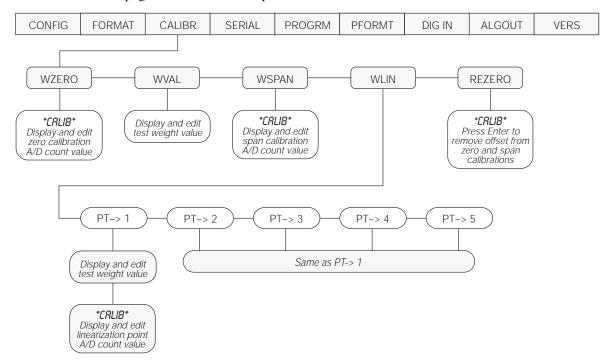


Figure 3-7. Calibration Menu

CALIBR Men	CALIBR Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description		
Level 2 subr	nenus			
WZERO	_	Press ENTER to display and edit the zero calibration A/D count value.		
WVAL	_	Press ENTER to display and edit the test weight value.		
WSPAN	_	Press ENTER to display and edit the span calibration A/D count value.		
WLIN	PT->1 – PT->5	Press ENTER to display and edit test weight and calibration values for up to five linearization points.  Perform linear calibration only after WZERO and WSPAN have been set.		
REZERO	_	Press Enter to remove an offset value from the zero and span calibrations.  Use this parameter only after WZERO and WSPAN have been set. See Section 4.1 on page 28 for more information about using this parameter.		

Table 3-4. Calibration Menu Parameters

### 3.2.4 Serial Menu

See Section 7.4 on page 44 for information about IQ plus 510 serial data formats.

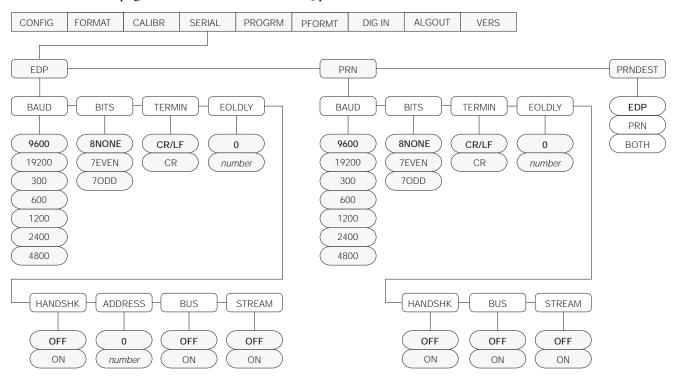


Figure 3-8. Serial Menu

SERIAL Menu	SERIAL Menu		
Parameter	Choices	Description	
Level 2 subme	enus		
EDP	BAUD BITS TERMIN EOLDLY HANDSHK ADDRESS BUS STREAM	Configure the EDP port. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.	
PRINT	BAUD BITS TERMIN EOLDLY HANDSHK BUS STREAM	Configure the printer port. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.	
PRNDEST	EDP PRN BOTH	Print destination. Selects the port for data transmission when the PRINT key is pressed or the KPRINT EDP command is sent.	

Table 3-5. Serial Menu Parameters

SERIAL Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description	
Level 3 Subm	enus	EDP Port	
BAUD	9600 19200 300 600 1200 2400 4800	Baud rate. Selects the transmission speed for the EDP port.	
BITS	8NONE 7EVEN 7ODD	Selects number of data bits and parity of data transmitted from the EDP port.	
TERMIN	CR/LF CR	Termination character. Selects termination character for data sent from the EDP port.	
EOLDLY	0 number	End-of-line delay. Sets the delay period, in 0.1-second intervals, from when a formatted line is terminated to the beginning of the next formatted serial output. Value specified must be in the range 0-255, in tenths of a second (10 = 1 second).	
HANDSHK	OFF ON	Specifies whether XON/XOFF flow control characters are used.	
ADDRESS	0 address	Specifies the decimal indicator address for RS-485 connections. RS-232 communications is disabled if an address other than zero is specified for this parameter. RS-485 addresses must be in the range 01–255.	
BUS	OFF ON	Specifies whether the EDP port sends the data stream to a network bus. Specify ON only if the Remote I/O or Profibus option is installed.	
STREAM	OFF ON	Specifies whether data is streamed from the EDP port.	
Level 3 Subme	enus	Printer Port	
BAUD	9600 19200 300 600 1200 2400 4800	Baud rate. Selects the transmission speed for the printer port.	
BITS	8NONE 7EVEN 7ODD	Selects number of data bits and parity of data transmitted from the printer port.	
TERMIN	CR/LF CR	Termination character. Selects termination character for data sent from the printer port.	
EOLDLY	0 number	End-of-line delay. Sets the delay period, in 0.1-second intervals, from when a formatted line is terminated to the beginning of the next formatted serial output. Value specified must be in the range 0-255, in tenths of a second (10 = 1 second).	
HANDSHK	OFF ON	Specifies whether XON/XOFF flow control characters are used.	
BUS	OFF ON	Specifies whether the printer port sends the data stream to a network bus. Specify ON only if the Remote I/O or Profibus option is installed.	
STREAM	OFF ON	Specifies whether data is streamed from the printer port.	

Table 3-5. Serial Menu Parameters (Continued)

### 3.2.5 Program Menu

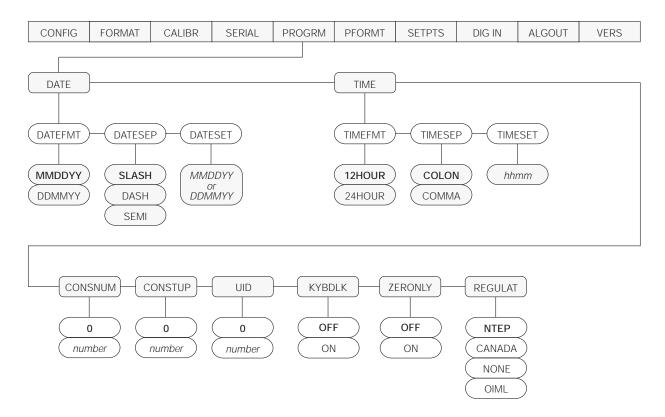


Figure 3-9. Program Menu

PROGRM Menu	PROGRM Menu		
Parameter	Choices	Description	
Level 2 submer	nus		
DATE	DATEFMT DATESEP DATESET	Allows selection of date format and date separator character. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.  Use the DATESET parameter or the SD EDP command to set the date. See Section 5.0 on page 32 for information about using the EDP commands.	
TIME	TIMEFMT TIMESEP TIMESET	Allows selection of time format and separator character. See Level 3 submenu parameter descriptions.  Use the TIMESET parameter or the ST EDP command to set the time. See Section 5.0 on page 32 for information about using the EDP commands.	
CONSNUM	0 number	Consecutive numbering. Allows sequential numbering for print operations. The consecutive number value is incremented following each print operation that includes <cn> in the ticket format. When the consecutive number is reset, it is reset to the value specified on the CONSTUP parameter.</cn>	
CONSTUP	0 number	Specifies the consecutive number start-up value used when the consecutive number is reset by sending the KCLRCN EDP command or a CLRCN digital input. Value specified must be in the range 0–9 999 999.	
UID	0 number	Specifies the unit identification number. Value specified must be in the range 0–9 999 999.	

Table 3-6. Program Menu Parameters

PROGRM Menu	PROGRM Menu		
Parameter	Choices	Description	
KYBDLK	OFF ON	Keyboard lock. Specify ON to disable the keypad in normal mode.	
ZERONLY	OFF ON	Zero key only. Specify ON to disable all front panel keys except ZERO in normal mode.	
REGULAT	NTEP OIML NONE	<ul> <li>Regulatory mode. Specifies the regulatory agency having jurisdiction over the scale site.</li> <li>OIML, NTEP, and CANADA modes allow a tare to be acquired at any weight greater than zero. NONE allows tares to be acquired at any weight value.</li> </ul>	
	CANADA	OIML, NTEP, and CANADA modes allow a tare to be cleared only if the gross weight is at no load. NONE allows tares to be cleared at any weight value.	
		NTEP and OIML modes allow a new tare to be acquired even if a tare is already present. In CANADA mode, the previous tare must be cleared before a new tare can be acquired.  NONE NITED and CANADA modes allow the posts to be receded in either group as not at the content of	
		<ul> <li>NONE, NTEP and CANADA modes allow the scale to be zeroed in either gross or net mode as long as the current weight is within the specified ZRANGE. In OIML mode, the scale must be in gross mode before it can be zeroed; pressing the ZERO key in net mode clears the tare.</li> </ul>	
		OIML mode replaces the <i>Gross</i> annunciator with <i>Brutto</i> .	
		The value specified for this parameter affects the function of the front panel TARE and ZERO keys. See Section 7.3 on page 43 for a complete description of TARE and ZERO key functions for each of the regulatory modes.	
Level 3 subme	nus		
DATEFMT	MMDDYY DDMMYY	Specifies the format used to display or print the date.	
DATESEP	SLASH DASH SEMI	Specifies the date separator character.	
DATESET	MMDDYY DDMMYY	Specifies the current date. Use the numeric editing procedure shown in Figure 3-4 on page 14 to enter the date in the format specified on the DATEFMT parameter (MMDDYY or DDMMYY).	
TIMEFMT	12HOUR 24HOUR	Specifies the format used to display or print the time.	
TIMESEP	COLON COMMA	Specifies the time separator character.	
TIMESET	hhmm	Specifies the current time. Use the numeric editing procedure shown in Figure 3-4 on page to enter the time in the format specified on the TIMEFMT parameter (12- or 24-hour).	

Table 3-6. Program Menu Parameters (Continued)

### 3.2.6 Print Format Menu

See Section 6.0 on page 38 for information about custom print formatting.

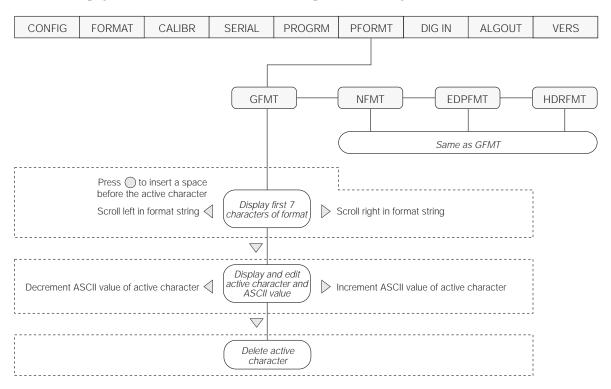


Figure 3-10. Print Format Menu

### 3.2.7 Digital Input Menu

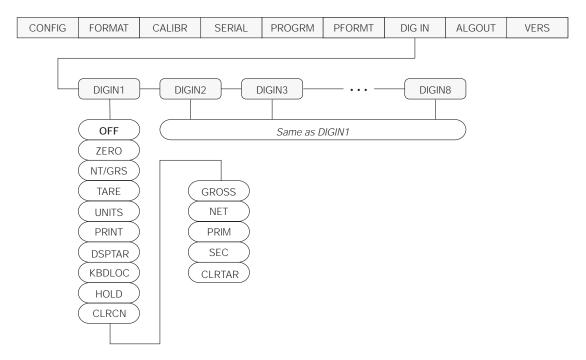


Figure 3-11. Digital Input Menu

DIG IN Menu	DIG IN Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description		
Level 2 subr	nenus			
DIGIN1 DIGIN2 DIGIN3 DIGIN4 DIGIN5 DIGIN6 DIGIN7 DIGIN8	OFF ZERO NT/GRS TARE UNITS PRINT DSPTAR KBDLOC HOLD CLRCN GROSS NET PRIM SEC CLRTAR	<ul> <li>Specifies the function activated by digital inputs 1–8.</li> <li>ZERO, NT/GRS (net/gross mode toggle), TARE, UNITS, and PRINT provide the same functions as the front panel keys.DSPTAR displays the current tare value.</li> <li>KBDLOC locks the keyboard (indicator front panel) while the digital input is held low.</li> <li>HOLD holds the current display. Releasing this input clears the running average filter.</li> <li>CLRCN resets the consecutive number to the value specified on the CONSTUP parameter (PROGRM menu).</li> <li>GROSS, NET, PRIM, and SEC select gross, net, primary units, or secondary units display modes.</li> <li>CLRTAR clears the current tare.</li> </ul>		

Table 3-7. Digital Input Menu Parameters

### 3.2.8 Analog Output Menu

The ALGOUT menu is used only if the analog output option is installed. If the analog output option is installed, configure all other indicator functions and calibrate the indicator before configuring the analog output. See Section 7.8 on page 49 for analog output calibration procedures.

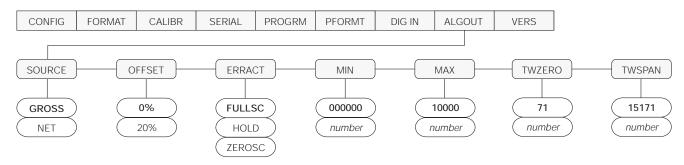


Figure 3-12. Analog Output Menu

ALG OUT Menu			
Parameter	Choices	Description	
Level 2 subr	nenus		
SOURCE1	GROSS NET	Specifies the source tracked by the analog output.	
OFFSET	<b>0%</b> 20%	Zero offset. Selects whether the analog output supplies voltage (0–10 V) or current (4–20 mA) output. Select 0% for 0–10 V output; select 20% for 4–20 mA output.	
ERRACT	FULLSC HOLD ZEROSC	Error action. Specifies how the analog output responds to system error conditions.  Possible values are:  FULLSC: Set to full value (10 V or 20 mA)  HOLD: Hold current value  ZEROSC: Set to zero value (0 V or 4 mA)	
MIN	000000 number	Specifies the minimum weight value tracked by the analog output. Specify a value in the range 0-9999999.	
MAX	<b>010000</b> <i>number</i>	Specifies the maximum weight value tracked by the analog output. Specify a value in the range 0-9999999.	
TWZERO	<b>71</b> number	Tweak zero. Adjust the analog output zero calibration. Use a multimeter to monitor the analog output value. Press and hold $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ to adjust the output.	
TWSPAN	15171 number	Tweak span. Adjust the analog output span calibration. Use a multimeter to monitor the analog output value. Press and hold $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ to adjust the output.	

Table 3-8. Analog Output Menu Parameters

### 3.2.9 Version Menu

The VERS menu is used to check the software version installed in the indicator. There are no parameters associated with the Version menu: when selected, the indicator displays the installed software version number.



Figure 3-13. Version Menu

# 4.0 Calibration

The IQ plus 510 can be calibrated using the front panel, EDP commands, or the Revolution<sup>™</sup> configuration utility. Each method consists of the following steps:

- Zero calibration
- Entering the test weight value
- Span calibration
- Optional five-point linearization
- Optional rezero calibration for test weights using hooks or chains.

The following sections describe the calibration procedure for each of the calibration methods.

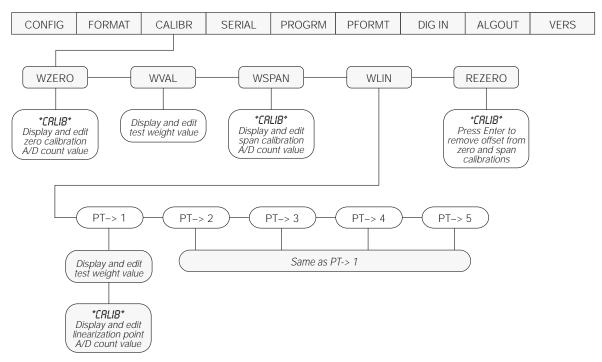


Figure 4-1. Calibration (CALIBR) Menu

### 4.1 Front Panel Calibration

To calibrate the indicator using the front panel, do the following:

- 1. Place the indicator in setup mode (display reads *CONFIG*) and remove all weight from the scale platform. If your test weights require hooks or chains, place the hooks or chains on the scale for zero calibration.
- 2. Press > until the display reads *CALIBR* (see Figure 4-1). Press ∇ to go to zero calibration (*WZERO*).
- 3. With WZERO displayed, press to calibrate zero. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while calibration is in progress. When complete, the A/D count for the zero calibration is displayed. Press again to save the zero calibration value and go to the next prompt (WVAL).

- 4. With WVAL displayed, place test weights on the scale and press to show the test weight value. Use the procedure shown in Figure 4-2 to enter the actual test weight, then press to save the value and go to span calibration (WSPAN).
- 5. With WSPAN displayed, press to calibrate span. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while calibration is in progress. When complete, the A/D count for the span calibration is displayed. Press again to save the span calibration value and go to the next prompt (WLIN).
- 6. Five-point linearization (using the WLIN parameter) provides increased scale accuracy by calibrating the indicator at up to five additional points between the zero and span calibrations.

Linearization is optional: if you choose not to perform linearization, skip the WLIN parameter; if linearization values have previously been entered, these values are reset to zero during calibration. To perform linearization, follow the procedure below:

With WLIN displayed, Press  $\nabla$  to go to the first linearization point (PT-> 1). Place test weights on the scale and press  $\bigcirc$  or ENTER.

Use the procedure shown in Figure 4-2 to enter the actual test weight value, then press ENTER to calibrate. The indicator displays  ${}^*CAL^*$  while calibration is in progress. When complete, the A/D count for the linear calibration is displayed. Press ENTER again to save the calibration value and go to the next prompt (PT-> 2).



When editing numeric values, press  $\triangleleft$  or  $\triangleright$  to change the digit selected. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  to increment or decrement the value of the selected digit.

Press O to save the value entered and return to the level above.

Figure 4-2. Editing Procedure for Numeric Values

- Repeat for up to five linearization points. To exit the linearization parameters, press  $\triangle$  to return to WLIN.
- 7. The rezero function is used to remove a calibration offset when hooks or chains are used to hang the test weights.
  - If no other apparatus was used to hang the test weights during calibration, remove the test weights and press 

    to return to the CALIBR menu.
  - If hooks or chains were used during calibration, remove these and the test weights from the scale. With all weight removed, press to rezero the scale. This function adjusts the zero and span calibration values. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while the zero and span calibrations are adjusted. When complete, the adjusted A/D count for the zero calibration is displayed. Press to save the value, then press △ to return to the CALIBR menu.
- 8. Press  $\triangleleft$  until the display reads *CONFIG*, then press  $\triangle$  to exit setup mode.

### 4.2 EDP Command Calibration

To calibrate the indicator using EDP commands, the indicator EDP port must be connected to a terminal or personal computer. See Section 2.3.2 on page 5 for EDP port pin assignments; see Section 5.0 on page 32 for more information about using EDP commands.

Once the indicator is connected to the sending device, do the following:

- 1. Place the indicator in setup mode (display reads *CONFIG*) and remove all weight from the scale platform. If your test weights require hooks or chains, place the hooks or chains on the scale for zero calibration.
- 2. Send the WZERO EDP command to calibrate zero. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while calibration is in progress.
- 3. Place test weights on the scale and use the WVAL command to enter the test weight value in the following format:

WVAL=nnnnnn<CR>

4. Send the WSPAN EDP command to calibrate span. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while calibration is in progress.

5. Up to five linearization points can be calibrated between the zero and span calibration values. Use the following commands to set and calibrate a single linearization point:

WLIN.V1=nnnnn<CR>
WLIN.C1<CR>

The WLIN.V1 command sets the test weight value (*nnnnn*) for linearization point 1. The WLIN.C1 command calibrates the point. Repeat using the WLIN.Vx and WLIN.Cx commands as required for additional linearization points.

- 6. To remove an offset value, clear all weight from the scale, including hooks or chains used to hang test weights, then send the REZERO EDP command. The indicator displays \*CAL\* while the zero and span calibrations are adjusted.
- 7. Send the KUPARROW or KEXIT EDP command to exit setup mode.

### 4.3 Revolution™ Calibration

To calibrate the indicator using Revolution, the indicator EDP port must be connected to a PC running the Revolution configuration utility.

Use the following procedure to calibrate the indicator:

- 1. Place the indicator in setup mode (display reads *CONFIG*) and remove all weight from the scale platform.
- Select Calibrate Indicator from the Revolution main menu.
- 3. On the Indicator Calibration display, select the indicator model (IQ + 510) and communications port then click OK.
- 4. Revolution uploads calibration data from the indicator then presents the information in a display like that shown in Figure 4-3.

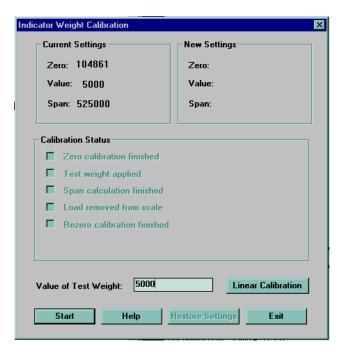


Figure 4-3. Revolution Calibration Display

- 5. Enter the *Value of Test Weight* to be used for span calibration then click *START*.
- 6. A dialog box asks whether hooks or chains are used to hang calibration test weights. Click *Yes* or *No* to continue.
- 7. The Zero Calibration dialog box prompts you to remove all weight from the scale. Clear the scale and click *OK* to begin zero calibration. If your test weights require hooks or chains, place the hooks or chains on the scale for zero calibration.
- 8. When zero calibration is complete, the Span Calibration dialog box prompts you to place test weights on the scale for span calibration. Place test weights on the scale then click *OK*.
- 9. When span calibration is complete, a dialog box asks whether you wish to perform linear calibration. Click *Yes* to perform linear calibration for up to five linearization points, or click *No* to continue calibration with step 11.
- 10. On the Linear Calibration display, select the point (1–5) to calibrate, then click *Calibrate*. Place test weights on scale then click *OK*. When prompted, enter the test weight value then press Enter. Repeat for additional linearization points, then click *Exit* to return to the Indicator Calibration display.
- 11. If hooks or chains were used to hang test weights, the Rezero dialog box prompts you to remove weights from the scale. Remove the weights then click *OK*.
  - If hooks or chains were not used in the calibration procedure, Revolution goes directly to step 12. Calibration is complete.
- 12. When calibration is complete, the *New Settings* fields of the Indicator Calibration display are filled in. Click *Exit* to save the new values and return to the Revolution main menu; to restore the previous calibration values (including linear calibration values), click *Restore Settings*.

### 4.4 More About Calibration

The following topics provide additional information about compensating for environmental factors (Section 4.4.1) and checking the calibration of an indicator with no attached scale (Section 4.4.2).

### 4.4.1 Adjusting Final Calibration

Calibration may be affected by environmental factors including wind, vibration, and angular loading. For example, if the scale is calibrated with 1000 lb, a strain test may determine that at 2000 lb the calibration is 3 lb high. In this case, final calibration can be adjusted by tweaking WVAL to 998.5 lb. This adjustment provides a linear correction of 1.5 lb per 1000 lb.

To adjust the final calibration, return to the WVAL prompt and press  $\bigcirc$  to show the test weight value. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to adjust calibration up or down. Press  $\bigcirc$  to save the value, then press  $\triangle$  to return to the CALIBR menu.

#### 4.4.2 Zero Deadload A/D Counts

Table 4-1 lists the ideal A/D counts that result from input signals of 0–45 mV with zero deadload. Actual values will typically be higher than the values shown in Table 4-1 but the ideal values can be used when calibrating the indicator with no attached scale.

Input Signal (mV)	Raw A/D Count
0	105 000
1	126 000
2	147 000
3	168 000
4	189 000
5	210 000
6	231 000
7	252 000
8	273 000
9	294 000
10	315 000
15	420 000
20	525 000
30	735 000
45	1 050 000

Table 4-1. Ideal A/D Raw Counts

# 5.0 EDP Commands

The IQ plus 510 indicator can be controlled by a personal computer or remote keyboard connected to the indicator EDP port. Control is provided by a set of EDP commands that can simulate front panel key press functions, display and change setup parameters, and perform reporting functions. The EDP port provides the capability to print configuration data or to save that data to an attached personal computer. This section describes the EDP command set and procedures for saving and transferring data using the EDP port.

**NOTE:** The full duplex RS-232 printer port provided with Version 2.0 hardware can also be used to process EDP commands.

### 5.1 The EDP Command Set

The EDP command set can be divided into five groups: key press commands, reporting commands, the RESETCONFIGURATION special function command, parameter setting commands, and transmit weight data commands.

When the indicator processes an EDP command, it responds with the message OK. The OK response verifies that the command was received and has been executed. If the command is unrecognized or cannot be executed, the indicator responds with ??.

The following sections list the commands and command syntax used for each of these groups.

### 5.1.1 Key Press Commands

Key press EDP commands (see Table 5-1) simulate pressing the keys on the front panel of the indicator. These commands can be used in both setup and weighing mode. Several of the commands serve as "pseudo" keys, providing functions that are not represented by a key on the front panel.

For example, to enter a 15-pound tare weight using EDP commands:

- 1. Type K1 and press ENTER (or RETURN).
- 2. Type K5 and press ENTER.
- 3. Type KTARE and press ENTER.

Command  KZERO  Press the ZERO key  KGROSSNET  Press the GROSS/NET key  KGROSS  Go to gross mode (pseudo key)  KNET  Go to net mode (pseudo key)  KTARE  Press the TARE key  KUNITS  Press the UNITS key  KPRIM  Go to primary units (pseudo key)  KSEC  Go to secondary units (pseudo key)  KPRINT  Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW  In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KUPARROW  In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW  In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW  In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW  In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO  Press number 0 (zero)  K1  Press number 1  K2  Press number 2  K3  Press number 3  K4  Press number 4  K5  Press number 5  K6  Press number 5  K6  Press number 6  K7  Press number 7  K8  Press number 7  K8  Press number 8  K9  Press number 9  KDOT  Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER  Press the ENTER key  KEXIT  Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR  Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN  Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV  Clear non-volatille RAM  KLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KUNLOCK=KPRINT.		
KGROSSNET Press the GROSS/NET key KGROSS Go to gross mode (pseudo key) KNET Go to net mode (pseudo key) KTARE Press the TARE key KUNITS Press the UNITS key KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key) KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key) KSEC Hormon Press the PRINT key KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key KO Press number 0 (zero) K1 Press number 1 K2 Press number 2 K3 Press number 3 K4 Press number 4 K5 Press number 5 K6 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 7 K8 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key) KCLRCN Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter	Command	Function
KGROSS Go to gross mode (pseudo key)  KNET Go to net mode (pseudo key)  KTARE Press the TARE key  KUNITS Press the UNITS key  KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key)  KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key)  KPRINT Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 7  K8 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter	KZERO	Press the ZERO key
KNET Go to net mode (pseudo key)  KTARE Press the TARE key  KUNITS Press the UNITS key  KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key)  KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key)  KERINT Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter	KGROSSNET	Press the GROSS/NET key
KTARE Press the TARE key KUNITS Press the UNITS key KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key) KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key) KPRINT Press the PRINT key KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key KO Press number 0 (zero) K1 Press number 1 K2 Press number 2 K3 Press number 3 K4 Press number 4 K5 Press number 5 K6 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key) KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KGROSS	Go to gross mode (pseudo key)
KUNITS Press the UNITS key KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key) KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key) KPRINT Press the PRINT key KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key KO Press number 0 (zero) K1 Press number 1 K2 Press number 2 K3 Press number 3 K4 Press number 3 K4 Press number 5 K6 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key) KCLRCN Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KNET	Go to net mode (pseudo key)
KPRIM Go to primary units (pseudo key)  KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key)  KPRINT Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KTARE	Press the TARE key
KSEC Go to secondary units (pseudo key)  KPRINT Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 3  K4 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KUNITS	Press the UNITS key
KPRINT Press the PRINT key  KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KPRIM	Go to primary units (pseudo key)
KLEFTARROW In setup mode, move left in the menu; in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRON Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KSEC	Go to secondary units (pseudo key)
in weighing mode, press the UNITS key  KRIGHTARROW In setup mode, move right in the menu; in weighing mode, press the PRINT key  KUPARROW In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 5  K6 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.	KPRINT	Press the PRINT key
KUPARROW  In setup mode, move up in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KDOWNARROW  In setup mode, move down in the menu; in weighing mode, press the ZERO key  KO  Press number 0 (zero)  K1  Press number 1  K2  Press number 2  K3  Press number 3  K4  Press number 3  K4  Press number 4  K5  Press number 5  K6  Press number 6  K7  Press number 7  K8  Press number 8  K9  Press number 9  KDOT  Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER  Press the ENTER key  KEXIT  Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR  Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN  Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV  Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KLEFTARROW	
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menu; in weighing mode, press the GROSS/NET key  KO Press number 0 (zero)  K1 Press number 1  K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KUPARROW	
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K2 Press number 2  K3 Press number 3  K4 Press number 4  K5 Press number 5  K6 Press number 6  K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K0	Press number 0 (zero)
K3 Press number 3 K4 Press number 4 K5 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key) KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS. KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K1	Press number 1
K4 Press number 4 K5 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS. KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K2	Press number 2
K5 Press number 5 K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K3	Press number 3
K6 Press number 6 K7 Press number 7 K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K4	Press number 4
K7 Press number 7  K8 Press number 8  K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K5	Press number 5
K8 Press number 8 K9 Press number 9 KDOT Press the decimal point (.) KENTER Press the ENTER key KEXIT Exit setup mode KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key) KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K6	Press number 6
K9 Press number 9  KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K7	Press number 7
KDOT Press the decimal point (.)  KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K8	Press number 8
KENTER Press the ENTER key  KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	K9	Press number 9
KEXIT Exit setup mode  KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KDOT	Press the decimal point (.)
KCLRTAR Clear tare from system (pseudo key)  KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key)  KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KENTER	Press the ENTER key
KCLRCN Reset consecutive number (pseudo key KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KEXIT	Exit setup mode
KCLRNV Clear non-volatile RAM  KLOCK Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KCLRTAR	Clear tare from system (pseudo key)
KLOCK  Lock specified front panel key. For example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KCLRCN	Reset consecutive number (pseudo key
example, to lock the UNITS key, enter KLOCK=KUNITS.  KUNLOCK  Unlock specified front panel key. For example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KCLRNV	Clear non-volatile RAM
example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter	KLOCK	example, to lock the UNITS key, enter
	KUNLOCK	example, to unlock the PRINT key, enter

Table 5-1. EDP Key Press Commands

#### 5.1.2 Reporting Commands

Reporting commands (see Table 5-2) send specific information to the EDP port. These commands can be used in both setup mode and normal mode.

Command	Function
DUMPALL	List all parameter values
VERSION	Write IQ plus 510 software version
Р	Write current displayed weight with units identifier. See Section 7.2 on page 42 for more information.
ZZ	Write current weight and annunciator status. See Section 7.2 on page 42 for more information.
S	Write one frame of stream format

*Table 5-2. EDP Reporting Commands* 

#### 5.1.3 The RESETCONFIGURATION Command

The RESETCONFIGURATION command can be used in setup mode to restore all configuration parameters to their default values.

This command is equivalent to using the DEFLT function on the TEST menu. See Section 7.9 on page 50 for more information about test mode and using the TEST menu.

**NOTE:** All load cell calibration settings are lost when the RESETCONFIGURATION command is run.

#### **5.1.4 Parameter Setting Commands**

Parameter setting commands allow you to display or change the current value for a particular configuration parameter (Tables 5-3 through 5-10).

Current configuration parameter settings can be displayed in either setup mode or normal mode using the following syntax:

command<ENTER>

Most parameter values can be changed in setup mode only. Use the following command syntax when changing parameter values:

command=value<ENTER>

where *value* is either a number or a parameter value. Use no spaces before or after the equal (=) sign. If you type an incorrect command, the display reads ??.

For example, to set the motion band parameter to 5, type the following:

MOTBAND=5D<ENTER>

For parameters with selectable values, enter the command and equal sign followed by a question mark:

command=?<ENTER>

to see a list of those values. The indicator must be in setup mode to use this function.

Command	Description	Values
GRADS	Graduations	1–100000
ZTRKBND	Zero track band	OFF, 0.5D, 1D, 3D
ZRANGE	Zero range	1.9%, 100%
MOTBAND	Motion band	1D, 2D, 3D, 5D, 10D, 20D, OFF
OVRLOAD	Overload	FS+2%, FS+1D, FS+9D, FS
DIGFLTR1 DIGFLTR2	Digital filtering	1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256
RATLTRAP	Rattletrap filtering	OFF, ON
DFSENS	Digital filter cutout sensitivity	20UT, 40UT, 80T, 160UT, 320UT, 640UT, 1280UT
DFTHRH	Digital filter cutout threshold	NONE, 2DD, 5DD, 10DD, 20DD, 50DD, 100DD, 200DD, 250DD
ALGFLTR	Analog filter	OFF, 2HZ, 8HZ
PWRUPMD	Power up mode	GO, DELAY
TAREFN	Tare function	BOTH, NOTARE, PBTARE, KEYED

Table 5-3. CONFIG EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values		
PRI.DECPNT	Primary units decimal position	8.888888, 88.88888, 888.8888, 8888.888, 88888.88, 888888.8, 88888800		
PRI.DSPDIV	Primary units display divisions	1D, 2D, 5D		
PRI.UNITS	Primary units	LB, KG, G, OZ, TN, T, GN, TROYOZ, TROYLB, LT, NONE		
SEC.DECPNT	Secondary units decimal position	8.888888, 88.88888, 888.8888, 8888.888, 88888.88, 888888.8, 88888800		
SEC.DSPDIV	Secondary units display divisions	1D, 2D, 5D		
SEC.UNITS	Secondary units	LB, KG, G, OZ, TN, T, GN, TROYOZ, TROYLB, LT, NONE		
SEC.MULT	Secondary units multiplier	0.00000-99999.99		
DECFMT	Decimal format	DOT, COMMA		
DSPRATE	Display rate	250MS, 500MS, 750MS, 1SEC, 1500MS, 2SEC, 2500MS, 3SEC, 4SEC, 6SEC, 8SEC		

Table 5-4. FORMAT EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values
WZERO	Zero calibration	_
WVAL	Test weight value	test_weight_value
WSPAN	Span calibration	_
WLIN.F1-WLIN.F5	Actual raw count value for linearization points 1–5	_
WLIN.V1-WLIN.V5	Test weight value for linearization points 1–5	test_weight_value
REZERO	Rezero	_
LC.CD	Set deadload coefficient	value
LC.CW	Set span coefficient	value

Table 5-5. CALIBR EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values
EDP.BAUD	EDP port baud rate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200
EDP.BITS	EDP port data bits/parity	8NONE, 7EVEN, 7ODD
EDP.TERMIN	EDP port termination character	CR/LF, CR
EDP.EOLDLY	EDP port end-of-line delay	0–255 (0.1-second intervals)
EDP.HANDSHK	EDP port handshaking	OFF, ON
EDP.ADDRESS	EDP port RS-485 address	0, 01–255
EDP.BUS	EDP port bus network enable	OFF, ON
EDP.STREAM	EDP port streaming	OFF, ON
PRN.BAUD	Printer port baud rate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200
PRN.BITS	Printer port data bits/parity	8NONE, 7EVEN, 7ODD
PRN.TERMIN	Printer port termination character	CR/LF, CR
PRN.EOLDLY	Printer port end-of-line delay	0–255 (0.1-second intervals)
PRN.HANDSHK	Printer port handshaking	OFF, ON
PRN.BUS	Printer port bus network enable	OFF, ON
PRN.STREAM	Printer port streaming	OFF, ON
PRNDEST	Print destination	EDP, PRN, BOTH

Table 5-6. SERIAL EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values		
SD	Set date	MMDDYY or DDMMYY (enter using DATEFMT specified)		
ST	Set time	hhmm (enter using 24-hour format)		
DATEFMT	Date format	MMDDYY, DDMMYY		
DATESEP	Date separator	SLASH, DASH, SEMI		
TIMEFMT	Time format	12HOUR, 24HOUR		
TIMESEP	Time separator	COLON, COMMA		
CONSNUM	Consecutive numbering	0–9 999 999		
CONSTUP	Consecutive number start-up value	0–9 999 999		
UID	Unit identifier	0–9 999 999		
KYBDLK	Keyboard lock (disable keypad)	OFF, ON		
ZERONLY	Disable all keys except ZERO	OFF, ON		
REGULAT	Regulatory compliance	NONE, OIML, NTEP, CANADA		

Table 5-7. PROGRM EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values
GFMT	Gross demand print format string	See Section 6.0 on page 38 for detailed information
NFMT	Net demand print format string	
EDPFMT	EDP demand print format string	
HDRFMT	Header format string	

Table 5-8. PFORMT EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values
DIGIN1 DIGIN2 DIGIN3 DIGIN4 DIGIN5 DIGIN6 DIGIN7 DIGIN8	Digital input function	OFF, ZERO, NT/GRS, TARE, UNITS, PRINT, DSPTAR, KBDLOC, HOLD, CLRCN, GROSS, NET, PRIM, SEC, CLRTAR

Table 5-9. DIG IN EDP Commands

Command	Description	Values	
SOURCE1	Analog output source	GROSS, NET	
OFFSET	Zero offset	0%, 20%	
ERRACT	Error action	FULLSC, HOLD, ZEROSC	
MIN	Minimum value tracked	0–9 999 999	
MAX	Maximum value tracked	0–9 999 999	
ZERO1	Zero calibration	0–16 383	
SPAN1	Span calibration	0–16 383	

Table 5-10. ALGOUT EDP Commands

### 5.1.5 Normal Mode Commands

The normal mode commands (see Table 5-11) transmit data to the EDP port on demand. These commands are valid in normal operating mode.

Command	Description	Response Format	
CONSNUM	Set consecutive number	0–9 999 999	
SD	Set date	MMDDYY or DDMMYY (enter using DATEFMT specified)	
ST	Set time	hhmm (enter using 24-hour format)	
SX	Start EDP streaming	OK or??	
EX	Stop EDP streaming	OK or??	
DX	Start streaming raw A/D counts	OK or??	
RS	Reset system	_	
XG	Transmit gross weight in displayed units	nnnnn UU	
XN	Transmit net weight in displayed units	where <i>nnnnnn</i> is the weight value, <i>UU</i> is the units.	
XT	Transmit tare weight in displayed units		
XG2	Transmit gross weight in non-displayed units		
XN2	Transmit net weight in non-displayed units		
XT2	Transmit tare weight in non-displayed units		
XE	Query system error conditions	nnnnn	
		See Section 7.1.2 on page 42 for detailed information about the XE command response format.	

Table 5-11. Normal Mode EDP Commands

## 5.2 Saving and Transferring Data

Connecting a personal computer to the IQ plus 510 EDP port allows you to save indicator configuration data to the PC or to download configuration data from the PC to an indicator. The following sections describe the procedures for these save and transfer operations.

#### 5.2.1 Saving Indicator Data to a Personal Computer

Configuration data can be saved to a personal computer connected to the EDP port. The PC must be running a communications program such as PROCOMMPLUS®. See Section 2.3.2 on page 5 for information about serial communications wiring and EDP port pin assignments.

When configuring the indicator, ensure that the values set for the BAUD and BITS parameters on the SERIAL menu match the baud rate, bits, and parity settings configured for the serial port on the PC.

To save all configuration data, send the DUMPALL EDP command to the indicator. The IQ plus 510 responds by sending all configuration parameters to the PC as ASCII-formatted text.

# 5.2.2 Downloading Configuration Data from PC to Indicator

Configuration data saved on a PC or floppy disk can be downloaded from the PC to an indicator. This procedure is useful when a number of indicators with similar configurations are set up or when an indicator is replaced.

To download configuration data, connect the PC to the EDP port as described in Section 5.2.1. Place the indicator in setup mode and use the PC communications software to send the saved configuration data to the indicator. When transfer is complete, calibrate the indicator as described in Section 4.0 on page 28.

**NOTE:** Calibration settings are included in the configuration data downloaded to the indicator. For non-legal-for-trade applications, if the receiving indicator is a direct replacement for another IQ plus 510 and the attached scale is not changed, recalibration is not required.

#### 6.0 **Print Formatting**

The IQ plus 510 provides three print formats, GFMT, NFMT, and EDPFMT, that determine the format of the printed output when the PRINT key is pressed or when a KPRINT EDP command is received. Each print format can be customized to include up to 300 characters of information.

A fourth format, HDRFMT, allows specification of up to 300 characters of ticket header information for use on the GFMT, NFMT, and EDPFMT tickets. The contents of the HDRFMT format can be inserted into any other ticket format using the <AE> formatting command.

If there is no tare in the system, the GFMT print format is used; if there is a tare in the system, NFMT is used. If PRNDEST is set to BOTH (SERIAL menu), the GFMT or NFMT print format is sent to the printer port, the EDPFMT print format to the EDP

You can use the indicator front panel (PFORMT menu), EDP commands, or the Revolution™ configuration utility to customize the print formats.

#### 6.1 **Print Formatting Commands**

Table 6-1 lists commands you can use to format the gross and net print formats. Commands included in the format strings must be enclosed between < and > delimiters. Any characters outside of the delimiters are printed as text on the ticket. Text characters can include any ASCII character that can be printed by the output device.

Command	Description	
<g></g>	Gross weight in displayed units	
<g2></g2>	Gross weight in non-displayed units	
<n></n>	Net weight in displayed units	
<n2></n2>	Net weight in non-displayed units	
<t></t>	Tare weight in displayed units	
<t2></t2>	Tare weight in non-displayed units	
<ae></ae>	Ticket header (HDRFMT)	
<ti></ti>	Time	
<da></da>	Date	
<td></td> <td>Time and date</td>		Time and date
<id></id>	ID number	
<cn></cn>	Consecutive number	
<nl<i>nn&gt;</nl<i>	New line (nn = number of termination ( <cr lf=""> or <cr>) characters)*</cr></cr>	
<spnn></spnn>	Space (nn = number of spaces)*	
<su></su>	Toggle weight data format (formatted/ unformatted)**	

Gross, net, and tare weights are 9 digits in length, including sign (10 digits with decimal point), followed by a space and a two-digit units identifier. Total field length with units identifier is 12 (or 13) characters.

ID and consecutive number (CN) fields are 1-7 characters in length, as required.

Table 6-1. Print Format Commands

Command		Description			
Ticket hea		information	specified	for	the

\* If nn is not specified, 1 is assumed. Value must be in the range 1-99.

\*\* After receiving an SU command, the indicator sends unformatted data until the next SU command is received. Unformatted data omits decimal points, leading and trailing

Table 6-1. Print Format Commands (Continued)

The default print formats use only the new line (<NL>, <NL2>) and gross, net, and tare weight commands in displayed units (<G>, <N>, and <T>). The default IQ plus 510 print formats are shown in Table 6-2.

Format	Default Format String		
GFMT	GROSS <g><nl></nl></g>		
NFMT	GROSS <g><nl>TARE<sp><t><nl>NET<sp2><n><nl></nl></n></sp2></nl></t></sp></nl></g>		
EDPFMT	GROSS <g><nl></nl></g>		
HDRFMT	COMPANY NAME <nl>STREET ADDRESS<nl>CITY, ST ZIP<nl2></nl2></nl></nl>		
NOTE: In OIML and CANADA modes, the letters PT (preset			

tare) are automatically inserted after the printed tare weight.

Table 6-2. Default Print Formats

#### **NOTES:**

- The  $\langle G2 \rangle$ ,  $\langle N2 \rangle$ , and  $\langle T2 \rangle$  commands listed in Table 6-1 print the gross, net, and tare weights in non-displayed units—that is, in the units *not* currently displayed on the indicator.
- ID numbers included in the print format string (<ID> command) must be set using the either the UID parameter on the PROGRM menu or the UID EDP command.

## **6.2 Customizing Print Formats**

The following sections describe procedures for customizing the IQ plus 510 print formats using the EDP port, the front panel (PFORMT menu), and the Revolution configuration utility.

#### 6.2.1 Using the EDP Port

With a personal computer, terminal, or remote keyboard attached to the IQ plus 510 EDP port, you can use the EDP command set to customize the print format strings.

To view the current setting of a format string, type the name of the string (HDRFMT, GFMT, NFMT, or EDPFMT) and press ENTER. For example, to check the current configuration of the GFMT format, type GFMT and press ENTER. The indicator responds by sending the current configuration for the gross format:

```
GFMT=<G> GROSS<NL>
```

To change the format, use the HDRFMT, GFMT, NFMT, or EDPFMT EDP command followed by an equals sign (=) and the modified print format string. For example, to add the name and address of a company to the gross format, you could send the following EDP command:

GFMT=MOE'S DUMP<NL>2356 EAST HIGHWAY ROAD<NL>SMALLTOWN<NL2><G> GROSS<NL>

A ticket printed using this format might look like the following:

MOE'S DUMP 2356 EAST HIGHWAY ROAD SMALLTOWN

1345 LB GROSS

The ticket above could also be formatted by specifying the company address information in the HDRFMT ticket format, then substituting the <AE> command for the address in the GFMT ticket format:

HDRFMT=MOE'S DUMP<NL>2356 EAST HIGHWAY ROAD<NL>SMALLTOWN<NL2>

GFMT=<AE><G> GROSS<NL>

#### 6.2.2 Using the Front Panel

If you have no access to equipment for communication through the EDP port or are working at a site where such equipment cannot be used, you can use the PFORMT menu (see Figure 6-1) to customize the print formats.

Using the PFORMT menu, you can edit the print format strings by changing the decimal values of the ASCII characters in the format string.

**NOTE:** Lower-case letters and some special characters cannot be displayed on the IQ plus 510 front panel (see the ASCII character chart on page 45) and are shown as blanks. The IQ plus 510 can send or receive any ASCII character; the character printed depends on the particular ASCII character set implemented for the receiving device.

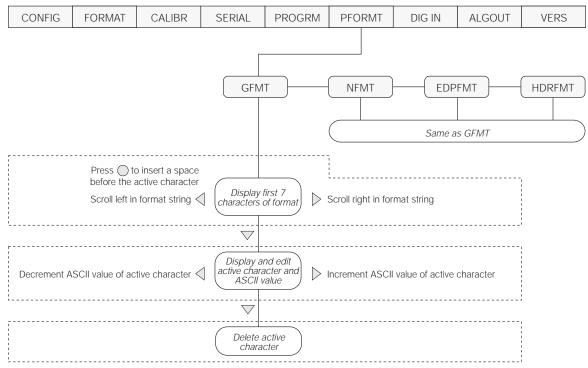


Figure 6-1. PFORMT Menu, Showing Alphanumeric Character Entry Procedure

### 6.2.3 Using Revolution

The Revolution configuration utility provides a print formatting grid with a tool bar. The grid allows you to construct the print format without the formatting commands (<NL> and <SP>) required by the front panel or EDP command methods. Using Revolution, you can type text directly into the grid, then select weight value fields from the tool bar and place them where you want them to appear on the printed ticket.

Figure 6-2 shows an example of the Revolution print formatting grid.

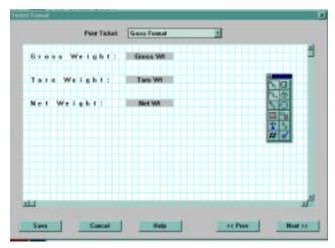


Figure 6-2. Revolution Print Format Grid

# 7.0 Appendix

# 7.1 Error Messages

The IQ plus 510 indicator provides a number of error messages. When an error occurs, the message is shown on the indicator display. Error conditions can also be checked remotely by using the XE EDP command as described in Section 7.1.2.

### 7.1.1 Displayed Error Messages

The IQ plus 510 provides a number of front panel error messages to assist in problem diagnosis. Table 7-1 lists these messages and their meanings.

Error Message	Description	Solution
E EEROM	EEPROM physical error	Call RLWS Service.
E VIREE	Virgin EEPROM	Use TEST menu to perform DEFLT (restore defaults) procedure,
E PCKSM	Parameter checksum error	then recalibrate load cells.
E LCKSM	Load cell calibration checksum error	Recalibrate load cells.
E ACKSM	A/D calibration checksum error	A/D converter requires recalibration. Call RLWS Service.
E FCKSM	Print format checksum error	Use TEST menu to perform DEFLT (restore defaults) procedure.
E IDATA	Internal RAM data error	Call RLWS Service.
E XDATA	External RAM data error	
E A/D	A/D physical error	
E REF	A/D reference error	A/D converter requires recalibration. Call RLWS Service.
REG ERR	Non-volatile RAM (NVRAM) register error	Battery weak or not installed. Replace battery then use TEST menu to perform CLR NV (clear non-volatile storage) procedure.
TAR ERR	Tare register checksum error	Acquire tare, acquire zero, or reset configuration.
PWRFAIL	Power failure	Input voltage too low.
OVERFL	Overflow error	Weight value too large to be displayed.
	Gross > overload limit	Gross value exceeds overload limit. Check configuration.
	A/D underrange	A/D reading < -4 mV. Check scale for binding or damage.

Table 7-1. IQ plus 510 Error Messages

#### 7.1.2 Using the XE EDP Command

The XE EDP command can be used to remotely query the IQ plus 510 for the error conditions shown on the front panel. The XE command returns a decimal number representing any existing error conditions.

If more than one error condition exists, the number returned is the sum of the values representing the error conditions (see Table 7-2). For example, if the XE command returns the number 1040, this value represents the sum of an A/D reference error (1024) and an A/D calibration checksum error (16).

Error Code	Description	Binary Value
0	No error	0000 0000 0000 0000
1	EEPROM physical error	0000 0000 0000 0001
2	Virgin EEPROM	0000 0000 0000 0010
4	Parameter checksum error	0000 0000 0000 0100
8	Load cell calibration checksum error	0000 0000 0000 1000
16	A/D calibration checksum error	0000 0000 0001 0000
32	Print format checksum error	0000 0000 0010 0000
64	Internal RAM data error	0000 0000 0100 0000
128	External RAM data error	0000 0000 1000 0000
256	NV register checksum error	0000 0001 0000 0000
512	A/D physical error	0000 0010 0000 0000
1024	A/D reference error	0000 0100 0000 0000
2048	Tare register error	0000 1000 0000 0000
4096	not assigned	0001 0000 0000 0000
8192	A/D underrange	0010 0000 0000 0000
16384	Power failure	0100 0000 0000 0000
32768	Gross > overload limit	1000 0000 0000 0000

Table 7-2. Error Codes Returned on XE Command

## 7.2 Status Messages

Two EDP commands, P and ZZ, can be used to provide status about the indicator.

- The P EDP command returns whatever is currently shown in the indicator's primary display area.
- The ZZ EDP command returns whatever is currently shown in both the primary and secondary displays. Depending on the type of device used to receive data from the indicator, the standstill and center of zero symbols may be shown as spaces or as special characters. The ZZ command returns information in the following format:

PPPPPP uu ssssssssssssss

#### where:

- *PPPPPPP* is the information shown on the primary display
- *uu* is the 2-digit units annunciator
- ssssssssssssss is the contents of the secondary display

If the indicator is in an underrange or overload condition, the weight value is replaced with &&&&&& (overload) or :::::: (underrange).

# 7.3 TARE and ZERO Key Functions

The function of the front panel TARE and ZERO keys depends on the value specified for the REGULAT parameter on the PROGRM menu. Table 7-3 describes the function of these keys for each of the regulatory modes.

REGULAT			Front Panel Key Function		
Parameter Value	Weight on Scale	Tare in System	TARE	ZERO	
NTEP	zero or negative	no	no action	ZERO	
		yes	CLEAR TARE		
	positive	no	TARE		
		yes	TARE		
CANADA	zero or negative	no	no action	ZERO	
		yes	CLEAR TARE		
	positive	no	TARE		
		yes	no action		
OIML	zero or negative	no	no action	ZERO	
		yes	CLEAR TARE	ZERO and CLEAR TARE	
	positive	no	TARE	ZERO	
		yes	TARE	no action	
NONE	zero or negative	no	TARE	ZERO	
		yes	CLEAR TARE		
	positive	no	TARE		
		yes	CLEAR TARE		

Table 7-3. TARE and ZERO Key Functions for REGULAT Parameter Settings

### 7.4 Data Formats

#### 7.4.1 Continuous Output Serial Data Format

If continuous transmission is configured for the EDP or printer port (STREAM parameter on the SERIAL menu), the IQ plus 510 sends data using the Consolidated Controls serial data format shown in Figure 7-1:

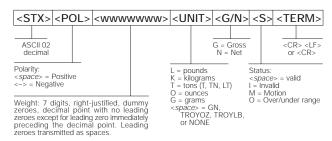


Figure 7-1. Continuous Output Serial Data Format

#### 7.4.2 Demand Output Serial Data Format

When demand mode is configured for the EDP or printer port in the setup menus (PRNDEST on the SERIAL menu), the IQ plus 510 uses a data string formatted for a basic ticket printout. The particular ticket format printed depends on the indicator configuration.

You can use the EDP port or keypad to fully customize the ticket to work with a wide variety of printers, scoreboard displays, and other remote equipment. See Section 6.0 on page 38 for more information on custom print formats.

#### 7.4.3 RS-485 Data Formats

The IQ plus 510 has a built-in RS-485 software protocol which is enabled when you assign a non-zero address to the indicator. Valid RS-485 addresses must be in the range 1–255; the address is specified on the ADDRESS parameter on the SERIAL menu.

All remote commands are initiated using the data format shown in Figure 7-2:

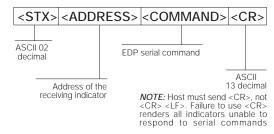


Figure 7-2. RS-485 Send Data Format

If the initiating device address matches the port address of an IQ plus 510 on the RS-485 network, that indicator responds. For example, with demand outputs, or in response to a KPRINT command, the responding indicator uses the format shown in Figure 7-3:

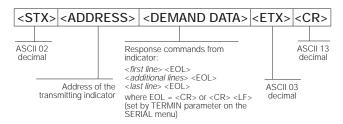


Figure 7-3. RS-485 Respond Data Format

**Example:** To send the KPRINT command from an ASCII terminal to an indicator at address 65 (decimal) on the RS-485 network, use the format shown in Figure 7-2.

- The keyboard equivalent for the start-of-text (STX) character is CONTROL-B (see Table 7-4 on page 45).
- The indicator address (65) is represented by an upper case "A".
- The carriage return (CR) character is generated by pressing the ENTER key.

Therefore, to send the KPRINT command to the indicator at address 65, enter the following at the terminal: CONTROL-B, A, K, P, R, I, N, T, ENTER.

The indicator responds with the format shown in Figure 7-3:

If continuous transmission is configured for the EDP port (STREAM parameter on the SERIAL menu), the IQ plus 510 sends data using the data format shown in Figure 7-4:



Figure 7-4. RS-485 Continuous Data Format

# 7.5 ASCII Character Chart

Use the decimal values for ASCII characters listed in Tables 7-4 and 7-5 when specifying print format strings on the IQ plus 510 PFORMT menu. The actual character printed depends on the character mapping used by the output device.

The IQ plus 510 can send or receive any ASCII character value (decimal 0–255). Due to limitations of the indicator display, some characters cannot be shown.

Control	ASCII	Dec	Hex									
Ctrl-@	NUL	00	00	space	32	20	@	64	40	`	96	60
Ctrl-A	SOH	01	01	!	33	21	A	65	41	a	97	61
Ctrl-B	STX	02	02	"	34	22	В	66	42	b	98	62
Ctrl-C	ETX	03	03	#	35	23	С	67	43	С	99	63
Ctrl-D	EOT	04	04	\$	36	24	D	68	44	d	100	64
Ctrl-E	ENQ	05	05	%	37	25	Е	69	45	e	101	65
Ctrl-F	ACK	06	06	&	38	26	F	70	46	f	102	66
Ctrl-G	BEL	07	07	,	39	27	G	71	47	g	103	67
Ctrl-H	BS	08	08	(	40	28	Н	72	48	h	104	68
Ctrl-I	HT	09	09	)	41	29	I	73	49	i	105	69
Ctrl-J	LF	10	0A	*	42	2A	J	74	4A	j	106	6A
Ctrl-K	VT	11	0B	+	43	2B	K	75	4B	k	107	6B
Ctrl-L	FF	12	0C	,	44	2C	L	76	4C	1	108	6C
Ctrl-M	CR	13	0D	-	45	2D	M	77	4D	m	109	6D
Ctrl-N	SO	14	0E		46	2E	N	78	4E	n	110	6E
Ctrl-O	SI	15	OF	/	47	2F	О	79	4F	o	111	6F
Ctrl-P	DLE	16	10	0	48	30	P	80	50	p	112	70
Ctrl-Q	DC1	17	11	1	49	31	Q	81	51	q	113	71
Ctrl-R	DC2	18	12	2	50	32	R	82	52	r	114	72
Ctrl-S	DC3	19	13	3	51	33	S	83	53	s	115	73
Ctrl-T	DC4	20	14	4	52	34	T	84	54	t	116	74
Ctrl-U	NAK	21	15	5	53	35	U	85	55	u	117	75
Ctrl-V	SYN	22	16	6	54	36	V	86	56	v	118	76
Ctrl-W	ETB	23	17	7	55	37	W	87	57	w	119	77
Ctrl-X	CAN	24	18	8	56	38	X	88	58	X	120	78
Ctrl-Y	EM	25	19	9	57	39	Y	89	59	у	121	79
Ctrl-Z	SUB	26	1A	:	58	3A	Z	90	5A	z	122	7A
Ctrl-[	ESC	27	1B	;	59	3B	[	91	5B	{	123	7B
Ctrl-\	FS	28	1C	<	60	3C	١	92	5C	I	124	7C
Ctrl-]	GS	29	1D	=	61	3D	]	93	5D	}	125	7D
Ctrl-^	RS	30	1E	>	62	3E	۸	94	5E	~	126	7E
Ctrl	US	31	1F	?	63	3F	_	95	5F	DEL	127	7F

Table 7-4. ASCII Character Chart (Part 1)

ASCII	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Dec	Hex
Ç	128	80	á	160	A0		192	C0	α	224	E0
ü	129	81	í	161	A1		193	C1	β	225	E1
é	130	82	ó	162	A2		194	C2	Γ	226	E2
â	131	83	ú	163	A3		195	C3	π	227	E3
ä	132	84	ñ	164	A4		196	C4	Σ	228	E4
à	133	85	Ñ	165	<b>A</b> 5		197	C5	σ	229	E5
å	134	86	a	166	A6		198	C6	μ	230	E6
ç	135	87	0	167	A7		199	C7	τ	231	E7
ê	136	88	ن	168	A8		200	C8	Ф	232	E8
ë	137	89		169	A9		201	С9	Θ	233	E9
è	138	8A	7	170	AA		202	CA	Ω	234	EA
ï	139	8B	1/2	171	AB		203	СВ	δ	235	EB
î	140	8C	1/4	172	AC		204	CC	∞	236	EC
ì	141	8D	i	173	AD		205	CD	ф	237	ED
Ä	142	8E	«	174	AE		206	CE	€	238	EE
Å	143	8F	»	175	AF		207	CF	Λ	239	EF
É	144	90		176	В0		208	D0	=	240	F0
æ	145	91		177	B1		209	D1	±	241	F1
Æ	146	92		178	B2		210	D2	≥	242	F2
ô	147	93		179	В3		211	D3	≤	243	F3
ö	148	94		180	B4		212	D4	ſ	244	F4
ò	149	95		181	B5		213	D5	J	245	F5
û	150	96		182	В6		214	D6	÷	246	F6
ù	151	97		183	В7		215	D7	≈	247	F7
ÿ	152	98		184	B8		216	D8	٥	248	F8
Ö	153	99		185	В9		217	D9	•	249	F9
Ü	154	9A		186	ВА		218	DA		250	FA
¢	155	9B		187	BB		219	DB		251	FB
£	156	9C		188	ВС		220	DC		252	FC
¥	157	9D		189	BD		221	DD	2	253	FD
Pts	158	9E		190	BE		222	DE		254	FE
f	159	9F		191	BF		223	DF		255	FF

Table 7-5. ASCII Character Chart (Part 2)

## 7.6 Digital Filtering

Standard digital filtering uses mathematical averaging to eliminate the variant digital readings that the A/D converter sends periodically because of external vibration. Digital filtering does not affect the indicator measurement rate, but does affect the settling time. The selections from 1 to 256 reflect the number of readings averaged per update period. When a reading is encountered that is outside a predetermined band, the averaging is overridden, and the display jumps directly to the new value.

#### 7.6.1 DIGFLx Parameters

The first two digital filtering parameters, DIGFLT1, and DIGFLT2, are configurable filter stages that control the effect of a single A/D reading on the displayed weight. The value assigned to each parameter sets the number of readings received from the preceding filter stage before averaging.

The overall filtering effect can be expressed by multiplying the values assigned to the two filter stages:

DIGFLT1 x DIGFLT2

For example, if the filters are configured as DIGFLT1=16, DIGFLT2=8, the overall filtering effect is 128 (16 x 8). With this configuration, each A/D reading has a 1-in-128 effect on the displayed weight value. Setting the filters to 1 effectively disables digital filtering (1 x 1 = 1).

### 7.6.2 RATTLETRAP® Filtering

RATTLETRAP digital filtering (RATTRAP parameter set ON) uses a vibration-dampening algorithm to provide a combination of the best features of analog and digital filtering. The RATTLETRAP algorithm evaluates the frequency of a repeating vibration then derives a composite displayed weight equal to the actual weight on the scale less the vibration-induced flaws. It is particularly effective for eliminating vibration effects or mechanical interference from nearby machinery. Using RATTLETRAP filtering can eliminate much more mechanical vibration than standard digital filtering, but will usually increase settling time over standard digital filtering.

#### 7.6.3 DFSENS and DFTHRH Parameters

The digital filter can be used by itself to eliminate vibration effects, but heavy filtering also increases settling time. The DFSENS (digital filter sensitivity) and DFTHRH (digital filter threshold) parameters can be used to temporarily override filter averaging and improve settling time:

- DFSENS specifies the number of consecutive scale readings that must fall outside the filter threshold (DFTHRH) before digital filtering is suspended.
- DFTHRH sets a threshold value, in display divisions. When a specified number of consecutive scale readings (DFSENS) fall outside of this threshold, digital filtering is suspended. Set DFTHRH to NONE to turn off the filter override.

#### 7.6.4 Setting the Digital Filter Parameters

Fine-tuning the digital filter parameters greatly improves indicator performance in heavy-vibration environments. Use the following procedure to determine vibration effects on the scale and optimize the digital filtering configuration.

- 1. In setup mode, set the digital filter parameters (DIGFLT1 DIGFLT2) to 1. Set DFTHRH to NONE. Return indicator to normal mode.
- 2. Remove all weight from the scale, then watch the indicator display to determine the magnitude of vibration effects on the scale. Record the weight below which all but a few readings fall. This value is used to calculate the DFTHRH parameter value in Step 4.
  - For example, if a heavy-capacity scale produces vibration-related readings of up to 50 lb, with occasional spikes to 75 lb, record 50 lb as the threshold weight value.
- 3. Place the indicator in setup mode and set the DIGFLTx parameters to eliminate the vibration effects on the scale. (Leave DFTHRH set to NONE.) Find the lowest effective value for the DIGFLTx parameters.
- 4. Calculate the DFTHRH parameter value by converting the weight value recorded in Step 2 to display divisions:

threshold\_weight\_value / DSPDIV

In the example in Step 2, with a threshold weight value of 50 lb and a display division value of 5D: 50 / 5D = 10. DFTHRH should be set to 10DD for this example.

5. Finally, set the DFSENS parameter high enough to ignore transient peaks. Longer transients (typically caused by lower vibration frequencies) will cause more consecutive out-of-band readings, so DFSENS should be set higher to counter low frequency transients.

Reconfigure as necessary to find the lowest effective value for the DFSENS parameter.

## 7.7 Conversion Factors for Secondary Units

The IQ plus 510 has the capability to mathematically convert a weight into many different types of units and instantly display those results with a press of the UNITS key.

Secondary units can be specified on the FORMAT menu using the SECNDR parameter, or by using EDP commands.

- To configure secondary units using the front panel menus, use the Table 7-6 to find the conversion multiplier for the MULT parameter. For example, if the primary unit is pounds and the secondary unit is short tons, set the MULT parameter to 0.000500.
  - Enter the numeric value for the multiplier using the navigation keys to select each digit and to increment or decrement the value of the digit. Press (ENTER) to save the numeric value, then use the ⊲ or ▷ buttons to move the decimal point as required. Press again to save the multiplier value.
- To configure secondary units using EDP commands, use the Table 7-6 to find the conversion multiplier for the SEC.MULT command. For example, if the primary unit is pounds and the secondary unit is short tons, send the EDP command SEC.MULT= 0.0005<CR> to set the multiplier for the secondary units.

**NOTE:** Ensure that the secondary decimal point position is set appropriately for the scale capacity in the secondary units. If the converted value requires more digits than are available, the indicator will display an overflow message (*OVERFL*).

For example, if the primary units are short tons, secondary units are pounds, and the secondary decimal point is set to 8888.888, the indicator will overflow if 5 tons or more are applied to the scale. With 5 tons applied, and a conversion factor of 2000, the secondary units display needs five digits to the left of the decimal point to display the 10000 lb secondary units value.

Primary Unit	x Multiplier	Secondary Unit
grains	0.064799	grams
	0.002286	ounces
	0.000143	pounds
	0.000065	kilograms
	0.002083	troy ounces
	0.000174	troy pounds
ounces	437.500	grains
	28.3495	grams
	0.06250	pounds
	0.02835	kilograms
	0.911458	troy ounces
	0.075955	troy pounds
pounds	7000.00	grains
	453.592	grams
	16.0000	ounces
	0.453592	kilograms
	14.58333	troy ounces
	1.215278	troy pounds
	0.000500	short tons
	0.000446	long tons
	0.000453	metric tons
grams	15.4324	grains
	0.035274	ounces
	0.002205	pounds
	0.001000	kilograms
	0.032151	troy ounces
	0.002679	troy pounds
kilograms	15432.4	grains
	35.2740	ounces
	1000.00	grams
	2.20462	pounds
	32.15075	troy ounces
	2.679229	troy pounds
	0.001102	short tons
	0.000984	long tons
	0.001000	metric tons
short tons	2000.00	pounds
	907.185	kilograms
	0.892857	long tons
	0.907185	metric tons
	•	

Table 7-6. Conversion Factors

Primary Unit	x Multiplier	Secondary Unit
metric tons	2204.62	pounds
	1000.00	kilograms
	1.10231	short tons
	0.984207	long tons
long tons	2240.00	pounds
	1016.05	kilograms
	1.12000	short tons
	1.01605	metric tons

Table 7-6. Conversion Factors (Continued)

Primary Unit	x Multiplier	Secondary Unit
troy ounces	480	grains
	31.10348	grams
	0.031103	kilograms
	1.09714	ounces
	0.068571	pounds
	0.083333	troy pounds
troy pounds	5760	grains
	373.2417	grams
	0.373242	kilograms
	13.16571	ounces
	0.822857	pounds
	12	troy ounces

Table 7-6. Conversion Factors (Continued)

## 7.8 Analog Output Calibration

The following calibration procedure requires a multimeter to measure voltage or current output from the analog output module. If the option is not already installed, see Section 2.4 on page 5.

**NOTE:** The analog output must be calibrated **after** the indicator itself has been configured (Section 3.0) and calibrated (Section 4.0).

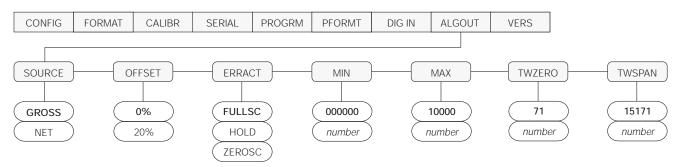


Figure 7-5. Analog Output Menu

- 1. Enter setup mode and go to the ALGOUT menu (see Figure 7-5):
  - Set OFFSET to 0% for 0–10 V output, 20% for 4–20 mA output
  - Set MIN to lowest weight value to be tracked by the analog output
  - Set MAX to highest weight value to be tracked by the analog output
- 2. Connect multimeter to connector J1 on the analog output board:
  - For voltage output, connect voltmeter leads to pins 3 and 4
  - For current output, connect ammeter leads to pins 1 and 2

- Final zero calibration: Return to the TWZERO parameter and verify that the zero calibration has not drifted. Press △ or ▽ to re-adjust the zero value as required.
- 6. Return to normal mode. Analog output function can be verified using test weights.

### 7.9 Test Mode

In addition to normal and setup modes, test mode provides a number of diagnostic functions for the IQ plus 510, including:

- Display raw A/D count
- Display digital input states
- Reset configuration parameters to default values
- Clear non-volatile (battery backed) storage
- Set analog output state to zero or full scale
- Set A/D offset and gain calibration
- Print configuration

To enter test mode, press and hold the setup switch until the front panel display shows the word *TEST*. After about three seconds, the test mode display automatically shifts to the first test menu function, A/DTST.

**!**Caution

A/D calibration functions, ADOFFS and ADGAIN, must be used only by qualified service personnel, and only

after replacing A/D converter components. Improper A/D calibration may render the indicator unusable.

Figure 7-6 shows the Test Menu structure; Figure 7-7 shows the front panel key functions in test mode. Note that, because the Test Menu functions are all on a single menu level, the GROSS/NET  $(\nabla)$  key has no function. Press the ZERO  $(\triangle)$  key to exit test mode.

Table 7-7 on page 51 summarizes the test menu functions.

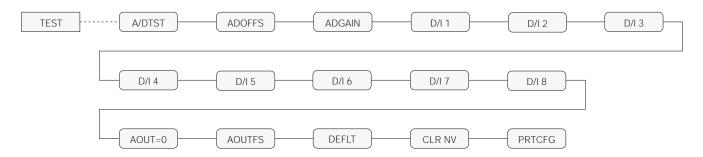
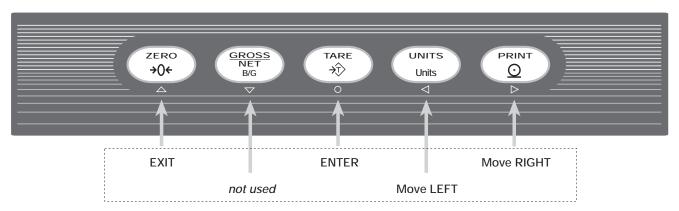


Figure 7-6. Test Menu



TEST MODE KEY FUNCTIONS

Figure 7-7. Front Panel Key Functions in Test Mode

TEST Menu	
Function	Description
A/DTST	Display A/D test Press and hold Enter key to display raw count from A/D converter.
ADOFFS	A/D offset calibration (-0.5 mv/V)
	<b>Read Caution! statement on page 50 before using this function.</b> Press and hold the setup switch, then press the Enter key to perform offset calibration.
ADGAIN	A/D gain calibration (+4.5 mv/V)
	<b>Read Caution! statement on page 50 before using this function.</b> Press and hold the setup switch, then press the Enter key to perform gain calibration.
D/I 1 — D/I 8	Display digital inputs 1–8
	Press and hold Enter key to show status of DIGINx (DIx=HI or DIx=LO).
AOUT=0	Set analog output to zero
	Press and hold Enter key to set analog output to its zero value.
AOUTFS	Set analog output to full scale
	Press and hold Enter key to set analog output to its full scale value.
DEFLT	Default parameters
	Press and hold the setup switch, then press the Enter key to reset configuration and calibration parameters to factory default values. Load cells must be recalibrated before using the indicator (see Section 4.0 on page 28);
CLR NV	Clear non-volatile storage
	Press and hold the setup switch, then press the Enter key to clear values stored in battery-backed SRAM.
PRTCFG	Print configuration
	Press and hold Enter key to send configuration data to the serial port. This function is equivalent to using the DUMPALL EDP command.

Table 7-7. Test Menu Functions

## 7.10 Software Revision History

The following list summarizes the principal software changes made for Version 2.0:

#### **Analog and Digital Filtering**

- Configurable analog filter added with available settings of OFF, 2HZ, 8HZ.
- Digital filtering changed from one to two filters (DIGFLT1 and DIGFLT2). New RATTRAP parameter enables RATTLETRAP® algorithm for both digital filters.

#### **Serial Communications and Printing**

- PORT parameters removed from the SERIAL menu.
- EDP port AB-RIO parameter name changed to BUS; BUS parameter added to printer port.
- Printer port now supports duplex RS-232 communications; can be used to send and receive EDP commands.
- Streamed weight information now uses the following units designators: lb=L; Kg=K; oz=O; gram=G; ton, metric ton, and long ton=T; grain, troy ounce, troy pound, and none=space.
- Print command latches for three seconds: A
  print command issued while the scale is in
  motion is now completed if the scale comes out
  of motion before the three seconds elapses.
- CONSNUM (consecutive numbering) and UID (unit ID) parameters added to PROGRM menu.

#### **Zero and Tare Operations**

- Except in OIML mode, a tare is cleared by pressing the TARE (rather than ZERO) key. NTEP, CANADA, and OIML modes all require the scale to be at no load before clearing a tare.
- Scale can now be zeroed (gross zero) with a tare remaining in the system. Exception: In OIML mode, the tare is cleared when the ZERO key is pressed.
- Tare values restricted to six digits to avoid display overflow when tare weight is removed.

### **Digital Inputs**

 Digital input selections now include CLRTAR (clear tare), GROSS, NET, PRIM (primary units), and SEC (secondary units) pseudo key functions.

#### **EDP Commands**

- Except for those commands requiring numeric or text entry, entering any valid EDP command (while in setup mode) followed by an equal sign and question mark (<cmd>=?) now lists possible values for the command.
- KCLRNV EDP command added for clearing nonvolatile RAM.

- KCLRTAR EDP command added for clearing tare values.
- KLOCK and KUNLOCK EDP commands added for locking and unlocking individual front panel keys.
- Configuration changes made using the EDP commands now take effect only when the indicator leaves setup mode.

#### **Error Messages and Test Menu**

- The numeric value returned by the XE command now represents only the error conditions present, if any.
- ECHO R (echo received characters) and XMT U (transmit "u" characters) functions have been removed from the TEST menu.

# 7.11 Specifications

**Power** 

Line Voltages 115 or 230 VAC Frequency 50 or 60 Hz

Power Consumption 100 mA @ 115 VAC (11.5 W) 50 mA @ 230 VAC (11.5 W)

Fusing

115 VAC 2 x 160 mA TR5 subminiature fuses

Wickmann Time-Lag 19374 Series UL Listed, CSA Certified and Approved

230 VAC 2 x 80 mA TR5 subminiature fuses

Wickmann Time-Lag 19372 Series

UL Recognized, Semko and VDE Approved

**Analog Specifications** 

Full Scale Input Signal Up to 45 mV Excitation Voltage 10  $\pm$  0.5 VDC,

 $8 \times 350 \Omega$  or  $16 \times 700 \Omega$  load cells

Sense Amplifier Differential amplifier with

4- and 6-wire sensing

Analog Signal Input Range 0.6 mV/V – 4.5 mV/V

Analog Signal Sensitivity 0.3 μV/graduation minimum,

 $1.5 \mu V/grad recommended$ 

Input Impedance 200 M $\Omega$ , typical

Noise (ref to input) 0.3  $\mu$ V p-p with digital filter at 4 Internal Resolution 1 000 000 counts, approximate

Display Resolution 100 000 dd

Input Sensitivity

System Linearity

Zero Stability

Span Stability

Calibration Method

50 nV per internal count

Within 0.01% of full scale

150 nV/°C, maximum

3.5 ppm/°C, maximum

Software, constants stored in

EEPROM

Common Mode

Voltage -0.15 to +0.95 V, referred to earth

Common Mode

Rejection 130 dB minimum @ 50 or 60 Hz Input Overload  $\pm$  12 V continuous, static discharge

protected

RFI Protection Signal, excitation, and sense lines

protected by capacitor bypass

Analog Output Optional: fully isolated, voltage or current

output,14-bit resolution.
Voltage output: 0 –10 VDC
Load resistance:1kΩ minimum
Current output: 4–20 mA

External loop resistance:  $500\Omega$  maximum

**Digital Specifications** 

Microcomputer Hitachi H8/3002 main processor @

9.8304 MHz

Digital Inputs 8 inputs, TTL or switch closure,

active-low

Digital Filter Software selectable: 1–256, enhanced

Rattletrap® hybrid digital filtering

**Serial Communications** 

EDP Port Full duplex RS-232 or RS-485

Printer Port Full duplex RS-232 or active 20 mA current

loop output

Both Ports 19 200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200, 600, 300

bps; 7 or 8 data bits; even, odd, or no parity; two stop bits on transmit, one stop

bit on receive

**Operator Interface** 

Display Vacuum fluorescent display:

7-digit, 14-segment primary weight display; Two 5x7 dot matrix digits for units, alpha/numeric entry mode designators;

16-digit dot matrix display for additional

symbols, user prompts.

Keyboard 5-key membrane panel

**Environmental** 

Operating Temperature – 10 to +40°C (legal);

-10 to +50°C (industrial)

Storage Temperature -25 to +70°C

Humidity 0–95% relative humidity

**Enclosure** 

Enclosure Dimensions (without tilt stand)

Sloped Enclosure: 9.5 in x 8.38 in x 4.95 in

241 mm x 213 mm x 126 mm

Flat Enclosure: 9.5 in x 8.38 in x 5.25 in

241 mm x 213 mm x 133 mm

Weight

Sloped Enclosure: 7.4 lb (3.3 Kg) Flat Enclosure: 7.8 lb (3.5 Kg)

Rating/Material NEMA 4X/IP66, stainless steel

**Certifications and Approvals** 



**NTEP** 

CoC Number 98-081 Accuracy Class III/III L

 $n_{max}$ : 10 000

Measurement Canada

Approval AM-5253

Accuracy Class III  $n_{max}$ : 10 000

III HD n<sub>max</sub>: 20 000



OIML

R76-2 Test Certificate TC5678

Accuracy Class III  $n_{max}$ : 10 000





# **IQ plus 510 Limited Warranty**

Rice Lake Weighing Systems (RLWS) warrants that all RLWS equipment and systems properly installed by a Distributor or Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) will operate per written specifications as confirmed by the Distributor/OEM and accepted by RLWS. All systems and components are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for two years.

RLWS warrants that the equipment sold hereunder will conform to the current written specifications authorized by RLWS. RLWS warrants the equipment against faulty workmanship and defective materials. If any equipment fails to conform to these warranties, RLWS will, at its option, repair or replace such goods returned within the warranty period subject to the following conditions:

- Upon discovery by Buyer of such nonconformity, RLWS will be given prompt written notice with a detailed explanation of the alleged deficiencies.
- Individual electronic components returned to RLWS for warranty purposes must be packaged to prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage in shipment. Packaging requirements are listed in a publication, *Protecting Your Components From Static Damage in Shipment*, available from RLWS Equipment Return Department.
- Examination of such equipment by RLWS confirms that the nonconformity actually exists, and was not caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alteration, improper installation, improper repair or improper testing; RLWS shall be the sole judge of all alleged non-conformities.
- Such equipment has not been modified, altered, or changed by any person other than RLWS or its duly authorized repair agents.
- RLWS will have a reasonable time to repair or replace the defective equipment. Buyer is responsible for shipping charges both ways.
- In no event will RLWS be responsible for travel time or on-location repairs, including assembly or disassembly of equipment, nor will RLWS be liable for the cost of any repairs made by others.

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