



Model PC400

Digital Portion Control Scale

Instruction Manual

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MANUAL REVISION: 0.0
MAN0233 1/30/04

Made in USA

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Section 1. Unpacking and Installation

Unpacking:

Before unpacking your Doran scale, please read the instructions in this section. Your new scale is a durable industrial product, but it is also a sensitive weighing instrument. Normal care should be taken when handling and using this product. Improper handling or abuse can damage the scale and result in costly repairs that may not be covered by the warranty. If you notice any shipping damage, notify the shipper immediately. Please observe the following precautions to insure years of trouble free service from your new scale.

! DO NOT drop the scale.

! DO NOT immerse the scale.

! DO NOT drop objects on the scale.

Carefully remove the scale from the shipping carton. Be sure to retain all shipping materials in case the scale must be shipped elsewhere.

Installation:

Place the scale on a stable flat surface. Verify that the bubble level located under the platter shows that the scale is level. Adjust the four feet to obtain a level condition (bubble in center.)

Electrical Connections:

The PC400 uses a wall mounted transformer or an internal rechargeable battery to provide power to the scale. The transformer requires 115 Vac, 50/60 Hz power. Be sure the AC power is not excessively noisy - this can occur if large inductive loads, such as solenoids or motors, are on the same power line. Also be sure that the power outlet and transformer are not exposed to water while the scale is plugged in.

Usage:

Although the Doran PC400 is built with a rugged stainless steel base, case and platter, it is intended for wipedown use only, not washdown. Clean the scale with a damp cloth & mild detergent for maximum life.

Section 2. Scale Operations Guide

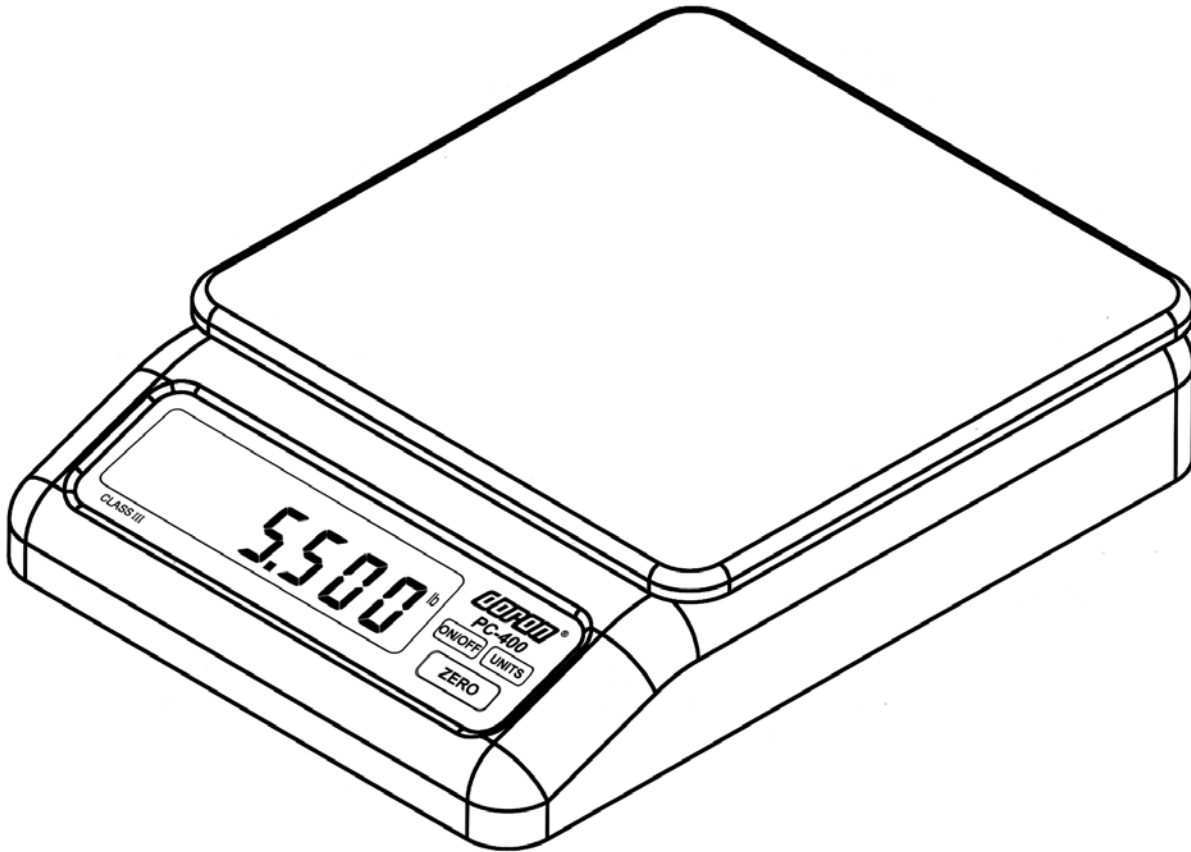


Fig. 1 PC400

Display Functions:

The Model PC400 controls consist of ON/OFF, UNITS and ZERO buttons located next to the main LCD display. The display is used to provide weight indications and operator messages describing scale operation.

Basic Weighing Operations:

- 1) Remove all items from the scale platter.
- 2) Press ZERO to zero the scale.
- 3) Place an item on the scale platter and wait for the scale to stabilize.
- 4) Read the weight on the scale display.

Units Select:

Press the UNITS button to change weight display units from lb to oz to kg to g to lb:oz.

Battery:

When the battery needs to be recharged, the “LO BAT” indicator illuminates.

Power:

The PC400 is powered by an AC wall transformer or the internal rechargeable battery, both standard features. Turn the scale on or off by pressing ON/OFF.

Auto Shut-down:

The PC400 has a feature called “Auto Shut-down” that turns the scale off after a preset time of no activity. This helps conserve battery life. The preset time is selectable from 1 minute to 60 minutes or it can be disabled so the scale remains on continuously. The default setting is 5 minutes.

Section 3. Setup and Calibration Guide

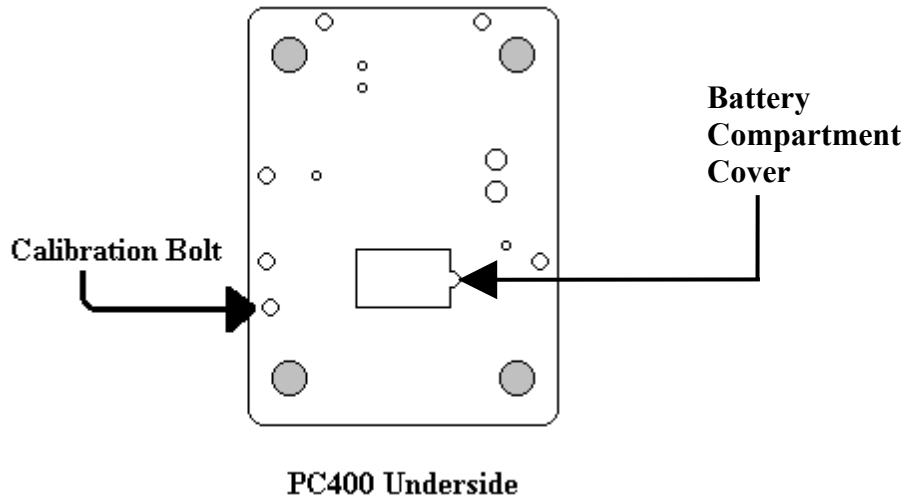
Power connections:

The PC400 is powered from a wall mounted transformer or the internal rechargeable battery. The transformer has a power cord which plugs into the power jack located on the back of the scale.

RS-232 Connections:

The PC400 has a standard RS-232 output. To use this feature, the optional RS-232 cable is needed. Plug one end of the RS-232 connector into the RJ-12 connector located on the rear of the scale. Attach the other end to your computer or printer.

Calibration and Parameter Setup:



1) After applying power to the PC400, remove the platter, turn the scale over and remove the calibration bolt as shown above. Place a thin blunt object through the hole and press straight down. The scale should enter the Setup/Calibration mode, and the scale should display "div 2.5" (or "div 5.0" or "div 10" depending on the scale resolution.)

2) Turn the scale upright, replace the platter and press the UNITS button twice. The scale should now display "CAL 0".

3) Remove any unnecessary weight from the scale platter. Press ZERO. Wait for the scale to count down from "7" to "0". If the scale detects motion, the display will restart the count. When finished, the display will return "CAL F5".

NOTE: If "r9 Err" appears on the display, the calibration zero is out of range. Press ZERO to clear this error. Refer to the analog setup section for additional information.

4) Place full capacity on the platter and press ZERO. Wait for the scale to count down from “7” to “0”. If the scale detects motion, the count will restart. When finished the scale will return to the weigh mode.

NOTE: If “SPnL” or “SPnH” appears on the display, the calibration span is out of range. Verify that the calibration weight is correct and repeat the calibration. Refer to the analog setup section for additional information.

5) If additional parameter changes are needed, refer to Chapter 4.

Analog Setup:

The following table shows the acceptable “Raw Counts” for no load and full load. “Raw Counts” can be viewed through the last setup parameter. Refer to Section 4, Parameter Setup, for more information regarding parameter viewing.

If the scale’s raw counts are not within the ranges specified in the following table, load cell may need to be replaced.

Scale Capacity	Acceptable “Raw Counts” for no load	Acceptable CHANGE in “Raw Counts” for full load
2 lb	18,500 – 41,000	64,500 – 92,500
5 lb	14,500 – 35,250	110,000 – 143,000
10 lb	6000 – 24,000	120,500 – 153,000

Section 4. Battery

Charging:

The model PC400 can be operated by the Internal Rechargeable Battery. The typical life of this battery is 15 hours of continuous use. The life can be greatly increased by use of the Auto Off feature, which automatically turns the scale off after a period of no activity. The scale will indicate that the battery needs to be recharged by displaying **LOW BATT** above the displayed weight. To recharge the battery, follow these steps:

- Locate the power connector at the rear of the scale and insert the power cord into this connector.
- Plug the power cord into an AC outlet (115 VAC).
- The PC400 needs to be turned on to recharge the battery pack.
- It will take approximately 4 hours to recharge the battery back.
- The PC400 may be used while charging.
- To operate the scale off the battery, unplug the power cord from the scale. The scale automatically switches to battery power if AC power is lost.

Replacement:

The Model PC400 is powered by an internal rechargeable battery. If the battery loses its ability to maintain a charge, it will need to be replaced. Replace the battery following these steps:

- Remove any items from the scale platter and unplug the power cord from the rear of the scale.
- Remove the scale platter and set it aside.
- Turn the scale over and remove the phillips head screw on the battery compartment cover.
- Remove the cover and disconnect the old battery from the battery connector and replace it with a new battery.
- Please note that the battery connector is keyed and insertion should not require a lot of force. If the connector will not go in place, check to make sure the connector has the correct orientation.
- Replace the battery compartment cover and the phillips head screw.

Voltage Levels:

To view the voltage of the battery, perform the following steps:

- Turn on the scale and wait for a stable weight to be displayed.
- Press and hold UNITS.
- Press and release ON/OFF.
- Release UNITS.

The battery voltage is now displayed.

Battery Voltages	
Battery/Scale condition	Voltage Level
Fully Charged	8.4V
Low Battery	6.3V
Shut Off	6.0V

Section 5. Parameter Setup

The PC400 has 15 setup and calibration parameters which can be changed. This flexibility makes these scales versatile weighing instruments capable of meeting all common weighing needs.

Entering and Exiting Setup Mode:

To enter the setup menu, apply power to the PC400, remove the platter, turn the scale over and remove the calibration bolt. Place a thin blunt object through the hole and press straight down. The scale should enter the Setup/Calibration mode, and the scale should display “div 2.5”, “div 5.0”, or “div 10”, (depending on the scale’s resolution.)

The parameters are accessed by pressing the UNITS button. Pressing this button will cause the scale to step to the next parameter on the list.

To exit the setup mode, press and release the UNITS button until the scale returns to the weigh mode.

NOTE: No setup information is saved until the PC400 exits the setup mode. In the event of a power failure while in the Setup Mode, any changes that have been made will be lost. This includes calibration parameters generated during calibration.

After all setup changes have been completed and the scale is in the normal operating mode, replace the calibration bolt on the bottom of the scale. If it is necessary to seal the scale, run a lead and wire seal through the calibration bolt on the bottom and the cross drilled next to the calibration bolt.

Changing a Parameter:

Once the desired parameter has been found, it may be necessary to change the option associated with that parameter. Press and release “ZERO” to step through the individual options. When you have stepped through all of the choices, the scale will return to the weigh mode.

Changing Start up Units:

The PC400 has been designed to allow the user the opportunity to make weighments in Pounds (lb), Ounces (oz), Kilograms (kg), Grams (g) or Pounds and Ounces (lb:oz). Any of these units may be used as the “power-up” units. The scale will “power-up” with the same units that it was using when it was last turned off.

Legal for Trade Restrictions:

The Legal for Trade mode disables the pound-ounce mode.

Section 6. Setup Menus Explained

Resolution (divisions) Setup Menu

div	Select Scale Capacity (lbs)
2.5	# of scale displayed divisions is 2500. (default for 5lb and 10lb scales.)
5.0	# of scale displayed divisions is 5000.
10	# of scale displayed divisions is 10000. (default for 2lb scales.)

Capacity Setup Menu

CAP	Select Scale Capacity (lbs)
2	Scale capacity set to 2 pounds
5	Scale capacity set to 5 pounds
10	Scale capacity set to 10 pounds

Calibration Menu(s)

CAL	Zero Calibration Point
0	Press ZERO to calibrate zero point

CAL	Span Calibration Point
FS	Full scale calibration
	NOTE: This parameter is only visible after a zero calibration is performed.

Reset All Parameters to Default Settings?

rst	Default parameters?
n	No. Parameters are not defaulted.
y	Yes. Set all parameters to their default values when UNITS is pressed.

Auto Off Mode

Ao	Auto Off Mode The amount of time before the scale will shut off, if not in use.
oF	Off. Scale will run continually
60	60 minutes
30	30 minutes
20	20 minutes
10	10 minutes
5	5 minutes
4	4 minutes
3	3 minutes
2	2 minutes
1	1 minute

Auto Zero Tracking

Zt *	# of displayed divisions that are automatically zeroed from displayed zero, while the scale is stable.
0.5	1/2 division
3.0 *	3 divisions
1.0 *	1 division

Motion Aperture

nnA *	# of displayed divisions that must change before motion is detected.
1	1 division
3 *	2 divisions
5 *	3 divisions

Start Up Zero

Suo *	Controls the start-up zero point
no *	Scale will NOT zero on power up. Calibrated zero is loaded on power-up.
on	Scale will zero on power-up.

NOTE: The Legal for Trade mode disables certain options and selections listed above. These items have been indicated by an asterisk (*).

Data Output

d.o.	Controls when information is transmitted from the scale through the serial port
C.P.	Continuous data transmission. Transmits data each time the display is updated.
A.1	Prints every stable weight.
A.2	The same as A.1, except the weight must return to zero before the next weight is printed.
t.d.	Transmits data when the “W” command is received through the serial port.

Data Format

For.	Format of transmitted data from the serial port
FO	Basic data format.
2P	Basic dual print format. Includes metric weight.
F1	Enhanced data format. <u>Output NOT Legal for Trade.</u>
SP	Basic format for an Eltron SSP printer. Call Doran for details.

Baud Rate

b.r.	Serial port transmission rate
12	1200 Baud (bits per second)
24	2400 Baud (bits per second)
48	4800 Baud (bits per second)
96	9600 Baud (bits per second)

Convert Select

CSL	Controls which units are available for use
CA	All units are available.
L9	lb, oz, kg, g are available
Lh	lb, kg are available
Lo	lb, oz are available
9o	oz, g are available

Startup Units

UNITS	Unit of measure that the scale displays upon power-up
lb	The scale will power-up in pounds.
oz	The scale will power-up in ounces.
kg	The scale will power-up in kilograms.
g	The scale will power-up in grams.
lb-oz	The scale will power-up in pounds and ounces.

Operation Mode

oP	Sets the scale for Legal for Trade mode
St	Standard mode. NOT legal for trade.
44	Handbook 44. Legal for trade.

Raw Counts

#####	Raw counts from A/D converter
	View these numbers if calibration is unsuccessful. Refer to Section 3 for interpretation of these numbers. Press UNITS to exit.

Section 7. Data Communications

Introduction to data communications:

In the PC400, data is sent to a printer or computer by using “asynchronous serial data communications.” Data is broken up and sent one piece at a time to the printer or computer. In spite of this apparent simplicity, a basic understanding of serial data communications is needed when setting up the PC400.

The PC400 transmits letters and numbers by replacing the letter or number with an eight bit ASCII code. This code is then transmitted one bit at a time. A bit is the smallest unit of data and can have a value of “1” or “0”. By combining eight bits into a byte, it is possible to get 256 unique bit patterns. These patterns are used to create the ASCII codes used by the PC400 to represent letters and numbers.

When setting up a serial communications system, there are several concerns which affect the configuration of that system. These are:

- transmission rate
- knowing when data starts and stops
- the ability of the receiving equipment to digest the data sent

The transmission rate determines how fast the data is sent from the scale and is measured in Baud or bits per second. (For applications such as the PC400, Baud and bits per second are interchangeable.) The transmission rate controls how many bits can be sent in a given time. It is important that the sending and receiving units are set to the same Baud settings. Typical values are 1200, 2400, 4800 and 9600 baud.

The term “Asynchronous Serial Data Communications” implies that the sending unit has no way of telling the receiving unit when a data bit has been sent or when to expect the next bit. To correct this problem, both the sending and receiving units use the baud rate setting to determine how fast data should be sent. If the baud rates at the sending and receiving units differ, the receiving unit will expect data to arrive at a different time than when the transmitting unit sent it. When this happens, data will be lost. When the baud rates match, the receiving unit has no problem with the data arriving early or late. The only problem is knowing when the data transmission started.

The PC400 and the equipment connected to it resolve this dilemma by sending a “start bit” at the beginning of each data byte. This bit tells the printer or computer that a new data byte is on the way. When the start bit is received, the bit timer starts running and runs until it has received the correct number of bits.

The number of bits sent by the PC400 is controlled by the data bits, parity and stop bit configuration. The PC400 is factory set for eight bits, no parity and one stop bit. This means that the eight bits following the start bit will be data, followed by a stop bit. The stop bit signals the end of the data and permits the bit timer a chance to reset itself before the next data byte is sent. No parity bits are sent.

Printer Modes:

The PC400 offers four different print control modes. These modes dictate when data is transmitted through the serial port.

Transmit on demand (tod): In this mode, scale data is transmitted whenever a print request is received from the serial port. The scale must be stable and the weight must be valid (no error codes displayed) before data is printed.

Continuous print (CP): In continuous print, data is transmitted each time the scale has a reading ready (each time the display is updated with new data). Readings which occur when the scale is in motion are called out by the abbreviation "MOT." following the data.

Auto Print 1 (AP1): Auto Print 1 transmits the first scale reading after the scale leaves motion. The reading must be stable and must be a valid reading before it can be sent.

Auto Print 2 (AP2): Like Auto Print 1, Auto Print 2 transmits the first scale reading following the scale leaving motion. In Auto Print 2, no further readings will be sent until the scale returns to displayed zero. The reading must be stable and must be a valid reading before it can be sent.

Data Output Format:

In order for the serial data sent from the PC400 to be useful, the data must be organized so that it is easy to read. To accomplish this, the PC400 arranges the displayed data with additional text to indicate the active units and to indicate the presence of motion during the reading.

“FO” Format: The basic data format sent by the PC400 is illustrated in Fig. 2 through Fig. 4. Each line of data begins with an STX character (02 hex, start of text) followed by a polarity sign (space for positive and “-” for negative) which indicates the reading polarity. Next, the displayed weight is sent. Six digits are used with a decimal point inserted in the correct position. After the weight data is sent, a space followed by the units are added to the string. If the scale is stable, a space is printed, else “MOT.” is printed instead. The string is then finished by adding a carriage return and a line feed.

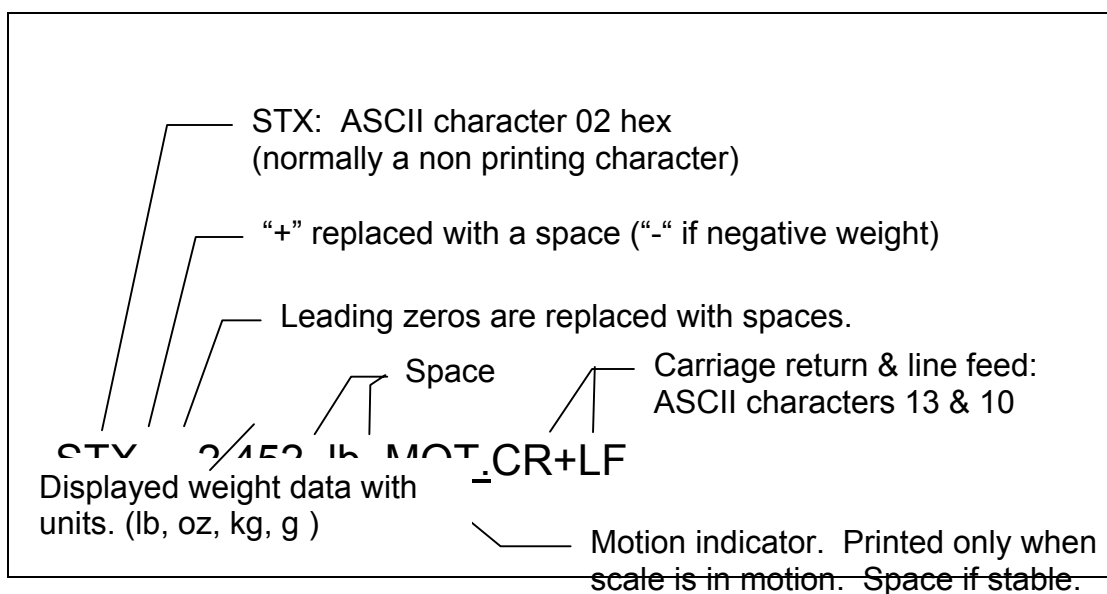


Fig. 2 Format “FO” standard form.

“F0” Print String Definition for Each Weight Unit:

Pounds

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | lb | SP | ST | CR | LF

Ounces

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | oz | SP | ST | CR | LF

Kilograms

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | kg | SP | ST | CR | LF

Grams

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | g | SP | SP | ST | CR | LF

Pounds-ounces

STX | POL | WEIGHTLB | SP | lb | POL | WEIGHTOZ | SP | oz | SP | ST | CR | LF

STX = ASCII 02.

POL = minus sign for negative weight or a space for a positive weight.

WEIGHT = 6 character field plus decimal if needed.

WEIGHTLB = pound portion of lb-oz weight.

WEIGHTOZ = ounce portion of lb-oz weight. (WEIGHTLB and WEIGHTOZ total 5 characters plus decimal)

SP = ASCII space.

ST = MOT, if in motion or a space if stable.

CR = Carriage return.

LF = Linefeed.

| = Separator, not printed.

“F1” Format: The “F1” format is similar to “F0” with the following exceptions:

The space following the units is removed. The units are in capitol letters. “MOT.” is replaced with “M”. It is not legal-for-trade.

Dual print format (2P): The dual print mode provides the PC400 with the ability to print the current scale reading followed by the equivalent value in grams.

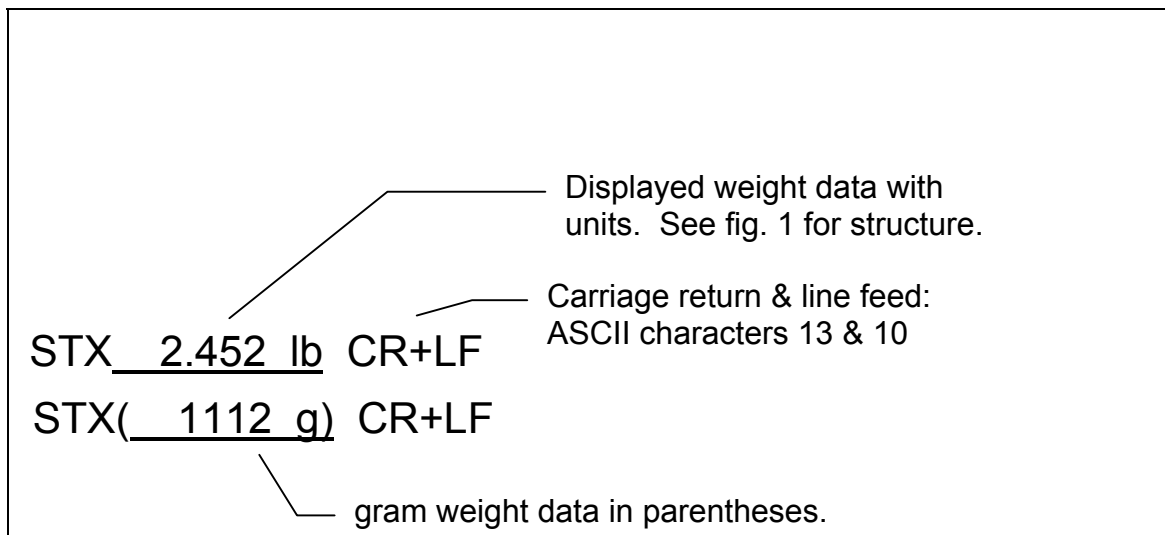


Fig. 3 Format “2P” form

“F1” Print String Definition for Each Weight Unit:

Pounds

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | LB | ST | CR | LF

Ounces

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | OZ | ST | CR | LF

Kilograms

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | KG | ST | CR | LF

Grams

STX | POL | WEIGHT | SP | G | SP | ST | CR | LF

Pounds-ounces

STX | POL | WEIGHTLB | SP | LB | POL | WEIGHTOZ | SP | OZ | SP | ST | CR | LF

STX = ASCII 02.

POL = minus sign for negative weight or a space for a positive weight.

WEIGHT = 6 character field plus decimal if needed.

WEIGHTLB = pound portion of lb-oz weight.

WEIGHTOZ = ounce portion of lb-oz weight. (WEIGHTLB and WEIGHTOZ total 5 characters plus decimal)

SP = ASCII space.

ST = M if in motion or a space if stable.

CR = Carriage return.

LF = Linefeed

| = Separator, not printed.

The weight is first printed using the “F0” format. Then the weight is recalculated in kilograms and is sent as a second line of text. The kilogram data follows the “F0” data format except where parentheses are placed after the STX character and before the carriage return & line feed. Refer to Fig. 3.

“SP” Format: The “SP” format is used with the Doran SSP label printer. See Fig. 4 for details.

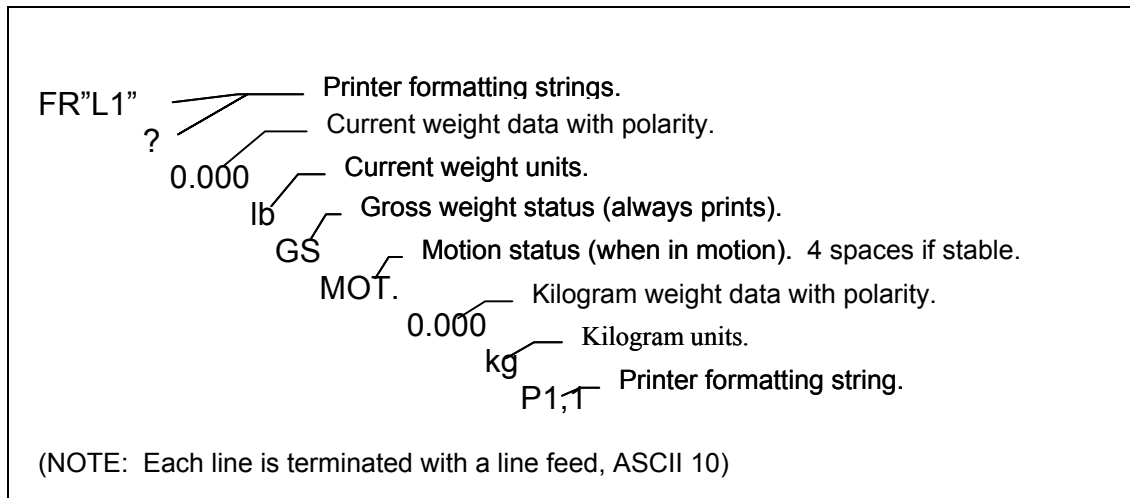


Fig. 4 Sample “SP” Format

“SP” Print String Definition for Each Weight Unit:

Pounds

FR”L1” | LF | ? | LF | POL | WEIGHT | LF | lb | LF | GS | LF | ST | LF | POL | WEIGHT2 | LF | kg | LF | P1,1 | LF

Ounces

FR”L1” | LF | ? | LF | POL | WEIGHT | LF | oz | LF | GS | LF | ST | LF | POL | WEIGHT2 | LF | kg | LF | P1,1 | LF

SP, kilograms

FR”L1” | LF | ? | LF | POL | WEIGHT | LF | kg | LF | GS | LF | ST | LF | POL | WEIGHT2 | LF | kg | LF | P1,1 | LF

Grams

FR”L1” | LF | ? | LF | POL | WEIGHT | LF | g | SP | LF | GS | LF | ST | LF | POL | WEIGHT2 | LF | kg | LF | P1,1 | LF

Pounds - ounces

FR”L1” | LF | ? | LF | POL | WEIGHTLB | SP | lb | POL | WEIGHTOZ | LF | oz | LF | GS | LF | ST | LF | POL | WEIGHT2 | LF | kg | LF | P1,1 | LF

POL = minus sign for negative weight or a space for a positive weight.

WEIGHT = 6 character field plus decimal if needed.

WEIGHT2 = Kilogram weight. 6 character field plus decimal if needed.

WEIGHTLB = pound portion of lb-oz weight.

WEIGHTOZ = ounce portion of lb-oz weight. (WEIGHTLB and WEIGHTOZ total 5 characters plus decimal)

SP = ASCII space.

ST = MOT. if in motion or four (4) spaces if stable.

CR = Carriage return.

LF = Linefeed

| = Separator, not printed.

Bi-directional Communications:

The scale will respond to the following single letter ASCII commands.

“W” initiates transmission of current weight data (if scale is stable).

“U” changes the displayed weight units.

“Z” zeroes the scale (if in motion, scale will wait until stable, then zero.)

Section 8. Specifications

	Model PC400
Resolution:	2500d, 5000d or 10000d
Power Supply:	Wall Transformer output: (scale input) 12VDC, 300mA Neg. (-) center Internal, rechargeable battery
Display:	0.66" high LCD
Displayed units:	lb, oz, kg, g and lb-oz
Indicator Capacities:	2, 5 and 10 lbs
Printer Interface:	Bi-directional RS-232
Calibration:	Zero and Full Capacity
Controls:	ON/OFF, ZERO and UNITS buttons
Construction:	Rugged stainless steel construction
Options:	RS232 cable

Section 9. Troubleshooting

General problem resolution:

Problem:	What to Do or Check:
Weight reading will not repeat or scale does not return to zero when weight is removed.	Make sure that the scale platter is not rubbing or touching the scale cover. Verify that there is nothing caught in the platform under or around the load cell or spider.
Scale overloads early	Verify scale calibration is correct. If problem persists, recalibrate the scale.
Scale will not come to zero when the ZERO button is pressed.	Make sure that the scale is becoming stable (Motion annunciator is off.) If problem persists, there may be a problem with the touch panel or pcb. NOTE: After pressing the zero button, the scale should zero as soon as it becomes stable.
Weight readings don't seem to be correct.	Verify the scale calibration with an accurate test weight. If the readings are not correct, recalibrate.
Scale drifts off zero.	Check for air currents and/or vibration around the scale. If that is the cause, it may be necessary to set the AZT and nnA parameters to wider settings to compensate (see the parameter section.) Verify that no mechanical restrictions exist, i.e. platter rubbing, something caught under or around the load cell.
Bubble level cannot be centered.	Place scale on level surface. If problem persists, replace the bubble level and recalibrate.
Scale shuts itself off or will not turn on.	Check the AO (Auto Off) parameter. Increase shut off time if necessary. Battery or transformer may be bad. See the battery section for testing the battery and wall transformer.

Error Messages:

Error Message:	What to do or check:
"Er EP"	<p>The setup parameters loaded in nonvolatile memory have become corrupted.</p> <p>Verify scale parameters and calibrate.</p>
"rg Er"	<p>The calibration zero is out of range. Error is displayed after a ZERO calibration attempt. Press zero to clear this error.</p> <p>Refer to the analog setup section for additional information.</p> <p>Pcb or load cell may need to be replaced.</p>
"Ldg 0"	<p>The scale is attempting to zero on power-up.</p> <p>This message will remain until the scale is stable. Air currents or vibration may be the cause. If problem persists, the pcb or load cell may be damaged.</p> <p>NOTE: This message will not appear if parameter Suo = no.</p>
"ov-Ld"	<p>The scale is in overload. The load on the scale platform exceeds the scale capacity by more than 105%.</p> <p>Remove excess weight from scale platform.</p> <p>If problem persists, recalibrate.</p> <p>If problem still persists, the pcb or load cell may need to be replaced.</p>
"gS-oL"	<p>The scale is in gross overload. The load exceeds the scale rating and might result in damage to the scale.</p> <p>Remove excess weight immediately.</p> <p>If problem persists, recalibrate.</p> <p>If problem still persists, the pcb or load cell will need to be replaced.</p>

Error Messages (cont.):

Error Message:	What to do or check:
"SPnL"	Raw counts for the span calibration is too low. Refer to the "Analog Setup" section for raw count ranges.
"SPnH"	Raw counts for the span calibration is too high. Refer to the "Analog Setup" section for raw count ranges.